



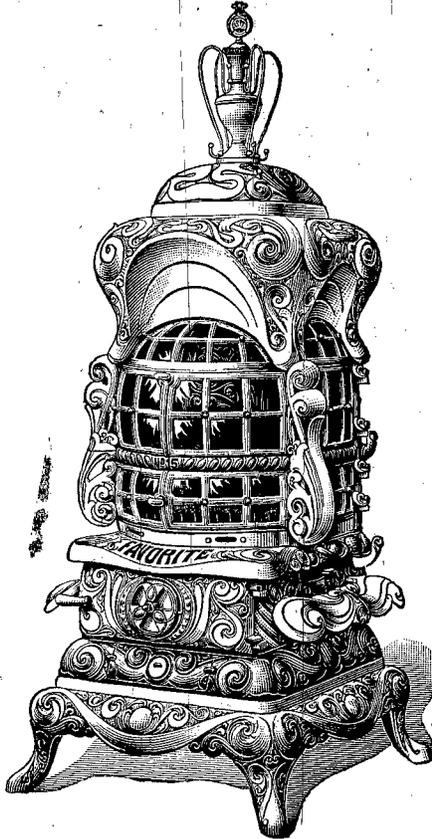
Which Stove to Buy

SAVE MONEY. The stove that gives the greatest heat from the least coal is the one that saves money.

THE FAVORITE Base Burner is so constructed that it has more radiating surface and more circulating flue area than any other make.

It is the handsomest, most efficient, best made and fitted stove made.

THE FAVORITE has stood for a generation as the most perfect heating stove made. Everlasting satisfaction goes with it. Let us show you the 1910 model.



We have a Full Line of

Majestic Ranges
Round Oak Ranges
Favorite Ranges
DIAMOND RANGES

Prices \$38.00 and up

Heating Stoves
 \$5.50 and up...

Barrett & Dally

Barrett & Dally

Misses Van Gilder cordially invite the ladies of Wayne and surrounding country to attend their regular fall opening of trimmed and tailored hats, on Friday and Saturday, September 23d and 24th.

Lambert Roe got home from Minnesota Saturday and went back Monday to close up a deal.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hooper and Wm. Shorten were arrivals Tuesday morning, called here by the sudden death of Jas. Shorten, father of Mrs. Hooper and Mr. Shorten.

Bankers Program Is Out.
 Copies of the program for the fourteenth annual convention of the Nebraska Bankers Association to be held in Omaha Sept. 27 and 28 have been received by local bankers, some of whom will attend the meeting.

Kenneth Holtz left last Friday for Philadelphia where he will finish his medical studies at the best school in the country. The Democrat was in error in stating that Kenneth had already been practicing medicine. However, he sooth will be, and one of the leaders in his profession.

"Cosmopolitan" has some big things slated for publication in the next few issues. "The Common Law," the new novel by Robert W. Chambers, illustrated by Charles Dana Gibson, begins in the November issue.

THE AUCTIONEERS
 E. and Don Cunningham will be at Wayne after November 15th, ready to fill all dates made by the Democrat.

Do You Want A Fine Gold Watch FREE?

Remember this is no fake. We are going to give away a watch free of charge.

HOW TO GET ONE:

Send us the name and address of a party you know is going to buy a piano. If we sell them, we will notify you--you then can call at our piano department and you will get your choice of a gold watch, with either an Elgin or Waltham movement. These watches will be on display in our show window in a few days.

We Are After the Piano Business of Wayne

With this idea, we are going to enlarge our music department. We already have a nice line of pianos in stock to choose from, and, with a large shipment on the way, we expect to please the most critical buyer.

We have just employed a man for this department, with a large experience, who will be glad to demonstrate to you at any time.

F. H. JONES
...Music Department...

C. E. Florine, Dept. Manager

Some of the details of the program are: Leslie M. Shaw, former secretary of the treasury speaks at the banquet; S. R. Barton, state auditor talks on "Bankers and the Banking Board;" Alexander D. Noyles, financial editor of the New York Evening Post on "The Future of American Banking," and many other speakers of note will be heard. The bankers of Omaha and South Omaha will entertain the visitors at the Orpheum theatre and tender them a dinner at the Field club. Invitations to attend the convention and assurances of a good time all around are also being received from the business men of Omaha, the invitations being signed by Edgar Allen, president of the Commercial Club and C. T. Kountze, president of the clearing house association.

Democratic Campaign Book.
 The Democratic National Congressional Committee has issued its campaign book and is now distributing it. The committee has no funds except as it obtains them through contributions and is selling the book at \$1 per copy, or for 50c a copy in lots of ten or more. The book is replete with valuable matter and is said to be the best campaign book ever issued. Every democrat should have it and in this year of democratic effort for supremacy should gladly contribute to the committee by purchasing the book. The committee did valiant service in Maine with notable results, and if democrats everywhere will rise to the occasion, by their dollar contributions, the democratic sun will rise triumphantly, not to set for fifty years to come. Send your orders or contributions to F. F. Garrett, Treasurer, Democratic Campaign Committee, 321-15th Street, Northwest, Washington, D. C.

Potatoes!

I will be in the potato business as long as the supply and demand will justify me. Good, early ripe potatoes, in bulk or retail, in car on track near depot, Wayne, Nebr., at reasonable prices.

First Regular Opening Trimmed and Tailored Hats Friday and Saturday, September 23 and 24

A large collection of the best styles of the new season—copies of choice Paris, New York and Chicago patterns at half the cost of the originals—we can supply the originals, too, if you want them.

- Large Cape "Picture" Hats
- Hindu Turbans in Great Variety
- Handsome "Droop-Roll" brim effects
- The New Mushroom hats

A full representation of the Vautrain "Brim designs." These are novel brim effects shown in over a hundred different and becoming hat styles.

Landsco Tailored Hats, Automobile Hats, Children's Hats. A magnificent line of Ostrich Plumes, both Willow and French curl, also the New Imitation Willow Plume "Indestructible."



Misses Van Silder, Wayne, Nebraska

A Chinese marriage is all ceremony—no talk, no levity, and much crying. The solemnity of a funeral prevails after the wedding of a peasant. The bride is dressed with much care. Feast is spread upon a table to which the blushing bride is led by five of her best female friends. They are seated at the table, but the one seated at the most silent prevails, when finally the mother leads off in a cry, the maids follow, and the bride, chosen in the church, and the bridegroom, chosen in the table, and the inconsolable mother takes a seat beside the chair of state where the bride sits. The bridegroom enters, with four of his best men. The bride sits and, preceded by the bridegroom, form in procession and walk around the room or into an adjacent room, carrying a tray on which carrying her away to his own home. The guests then throw rice at the happy couple.

Minnesota employs its convict labor in the production of such articles as the state binder twice is a cent cheaper than outside, and the "trust" has given up trying to meet the rate. The state binder is made in the state, and is employed in the twine works, and with the opening of a proposed farm implement plant the net profit to the state will run up to \$300,000 a year. This is a good thing, and the state binder is particularly gratifying to the thrifty Minnesota farmers, who devised a scheme which lowered their taxes, lowered the cost of the binding twine, which they had to buy from the state, saved them from becoming victims of a fixed trust price, introduced the humane practice of giving employment to the convict, and gave the profit over the cost of care of their keep.

The queen mother, Alexandra, does not intend ever again to wear color and has given away many of the costly and elaborate articles of her wardrobe which she will never use again. She will wear the becoming small Mary Stuart bonnet with the plume in front and hanging veil behind for some time, and she will wear a white crepe headpiece with a white crepe collar and broad cuffs of the same material. A friend has said that she only left the palace since her widowhood, but has taken a good deal of exercise in the beautiful grounds of the palace.

From returns recently made to the French ministry of public instruction, it appears that there are over 3,000 foreign students enrolled in the various French universities. All told there are 41,044 students in the various French universities, 17,979 are women and 3,444 men. There are only 2,023 French women students, Russia sends 2,556 students, England 2,200, Germany 314, Hungary 192, United States 232, and other countries.

The "Student Hostel" is a branch of the British "Young Women's Christian Association" in France, and is doing a world of good for American girls in Paris. It provides a home with artistic and stimulating surroundings for the English-speaking American women in a strange city to meet persons who will be congenial, and it shows an atmosphere of home about them. It is a very serious matter, then, if they desire to make friends through France and other countries.

The most flourishing treaty port in Japan is Yokohama, 18 miles by trolley from the English port of Yokohama with a foreign colony of 3,000. Only 15 years ago it was a miserable fishing village. In 1864, 10 years after Commodore Perry and his seven vessels entered the port, the first treaty was signed and Japan was issued in Yokohama. Then came the Tokio-Yokohama railway in 1872, and gas at the same time. In 1869 the Yokohama post office was installed, and its first year of business had 50 years has been truly phenomenal.

The Jonathan Holt, the first ocean-going mosquito-proof steamer, has arrived at the Clyde, where she was built, from the Clyde Messrs John Holt & Co., of Liverpool. She is the first ship of special design for the Liverpool West African trade. Her design is based on the recommendations of Major Ronald Ross, and is intended to be mosquito-proofing all living quarters. Copper gauze fittings are provided for all doors, windows, and passages, to prevent the malarial-bearing mosquito entering.

A kindly old doctor in Geneva has invented a new method of reading character, which he calls "psychology," or "know a man by his shoes." He says that a pair of boots which have been worn for two months will reveal the character of the man who wears them, and even the moral character of the wearer. The economical man, the vain woman, the slothy peasant, the either sex, the taker of constitutional—all these are easy to recognize.

A treat many persons have learned by experience that flannelite is a highly valuable fabric for bed covers and dresses. The New York Medical Journal thinks it is the best material for such purposes, and the British Medical committee has already taken action in the matter. The committee recommends in a recent report that the words "burns rapidly" shall be worked in the serge of the material.

Queen Alexandra has received letters of condolence from trained nurses all over the world. It is said that from her first arrival in England she has had an active interest in the work of the nurses who she recognized as the best and bravest in the world. Her attention to the matter of the nurses has already taken action in the matter. The committee recommends in a recent report that the words "burns rapidly" shall be worked in the serge of the material.

Families in Harlem have found new routes open to them which they have not long ago a family moved from one end of the street to the other, in each house their home was on the top floor and there was no elevator. When moving time came the furniture of the old house was taken to the roof of the intervening houses from the old residence to the new.

Mrs. Ella Wheeler Wilcox hit off in a neat epigram a notorious difference in the world's treatment of the sexes. "The man is talking about a young woman, an eulogy; but to say that every body is talking about a young woman is an eulogy."

Ants will carry loads 40 or 50 times as heavy as their own weight. It is said that a single ant can carry a load 100 times its own weight. The house fly gives 60 strokes to its wings in one second, and it is enabled to go a distance of 30 feet.

NO CLOUDS IN SIGHT

COLONEL GEORGE HARVEY SAYS COUNTRY ALL RIGHT.

THE WRITER SEES NO CLOUD

Striking Article in North American Review That is Attracting Wide Attention.

The attention of business and professional men in all portions of the country has been attracted to a strikingly strong article by Col. George Harvey in the September issue of the North American Review in which the writer takes a view of the greatest hopefulness for the future of America and Americans. The article is entitled "A Plea for the Conservation of Common Sense," and it is meeting with the cordial approval of business men of all shades of political opinion throughout the entire country. In part, Colonel Harvey says: "Unquestionably a spirit of unrest dominates the land. But, if it be true that fundamentally the condition of the country is sound, must we necessarily succumb to despondency, abandon effort looking to retrieval, and cringe like cravens before clouds that only threaten? Rather ought we not to analyze conditions, search for causes, find the root of the distress, which even now exists only in men's minds, and then, after the American fashion, apply such remedies as seem most likely to produce beneficent results?"

Capital and Labor Not Antagonistic. "The Link that connects labor with capital is not broken but we may not deny that it is less cohesive than it should be or than conditions warrant. Financially, the country is stronger than ever before in its history. Recovery from a panic so severe as that of three years ago was never before so prompt and comparatively complete. The masses are practically free from debt. Money is held by the banks in abundance and rates are low.

"Why, then, does capital pause upon the threshold of investment? The answer, we believe, to be plain. It awaits adjustment of the relations of government to business. * * * The sole problem consists of determining how government can maintain an even balance between aggregations of interests, on the one hand, and the whole people, on the other, protecting the latter against extortion and saving the former from mad assaults.

"The solution is not easy to find for the simple reason that the situation is without precedent. But is not progress being made along safe and cautious lines? * * * Conserve Common Sense. "Is not the present, as we have seen, exceptionally secure? What, then, of preparations for the future? Patriotism is the basis of our institutions. And patriotism in the minds of our youth is no longer linked solely with fire-works and deeds of daring. It is taught in our schools. A new course has been added—a course in loyalty. Methodically, our children learn how to vote, how to conduct primaries, conventions and elections, how to discriminate between qualifications of candidates and, finally, how to govern as well as serve. They are taught to despise bribery and all forms of corruption and fraud as treason. Their creed, which they are made to know by heart, is not complex. It is simple, but comprehensive, no less beautiful in diction than lofty in aspiration. These are the pledges which are graven upon their memories:

"As it is cowardly for a soldier to run away from battle, so it is cowardly for any citizen not to contribute his share to the well-being of his country. America is my own dear land; she nourishes me, and I will love her and do my duty to her, whose child, servant and civil soldier I am.

"As the health and happiness of my body depend upon each muscle and nerve and drop of blood doing its work in its place, so the health and happiness of my country depend upon each citizen doing his work in his place.

"These young citizens are our hostages to fortune. Can we not safely assume that the principles animating their lives augur well for the permanency of the Republic? When before have the foundation stones of continuance been laid with such care and promise of durability?"

"The future, then, is bright. And the present? But one thing is needful. No present movement is more laudable than that which looks to conservation of natural resources. But let us never forget that the greatest inherent resource of the American people is Common Sense. Let that be conserved and applied without cessation, and soon it will be found that all the ills of which we complain but know not of are only such as attend upon the growing pains of a great and blessed country.

He Knows the Game. According to the Metropolitan Magazine, Fire Chief John Conway of Jersey City, has solved the baseball question by the posting of the following printed notice on his desk at fire headquarters: "All requests for leave of absence swing to grandmothers' funerals, lame back, house cleaning, moving, sore throat, headache, brainstorm, cousins' wedding, general indisposition, etc., must be handed to the chief not later than ten o'clock on the morning of the game."

Duty Smeared. "How can you go around," demands his wife, "with tobacco juice all over your face?" "This isn't tobacco juice," responds the candidate, mildly. "It's molasses. I've been kissing babies."

Pretending. "See the boys?" "Pretending to be soldiers, eh?" "Yes; kids get lots of fun pretending."

BIDS ARE RECEIVED FOR INDIAN LANDS

Sale Includes 5,000 Acres of Rich Leased Tracts in Thurston County.

Winnebago, Neb., Sept. 20.—Many bids on the Indian lands have already reached Superintendent A. H. Kneale, of the Omaha and Winnebago agencies and the prospects favor a sharp competition this year than ever before. One element that marks this sale of lands is the number of farmers who are bidding and are talking of bidding on these lands, thus insuring the actual settlement of many of the bidders who are successful. Superintendent Kneale has prevented speculators from bidding or from getting the land if they bid the highest, but he would much rather sell this land to actual settlers who will make their home permanent on the reservation. The land sale will include about 5,000 acres of the choice lands of Thurston county. Some of it is leased for two years, but most of it the leases expire March 1, 1911. The bids will be received at the Winnebago agency up to noon on October 10, 1910.

Most of this land is inherited land and is being sold by a single party, the consent of every heir has been secured to the sale of the land. In the near future it is the plan of the Indian office to set apart every acre of inherited land on the reservation. This land can be equally divided among the heirs, this will be done; where equitable division cannot be brought about, and will be sold and the proceeds divided among the heirs.

Corn Crop a Bumper. Thurston county shows the best crop of corn in its history this year. In fact, along with other counties of northeastern Nebraska, it shows the banner corn crop of the state. The crop is being harvested during the growing season did not suffer from lack of moisture. When southern and central Nebraska and western Iowa were parching with heat and drought, the portion of Nebraska was blessed with frequent rains. The result is a bumper crop of corn. Already the corn is ripening. Thousands of acres of corn in this county is already out of the ground from frost, and a few days more will make safe the remainder of the fields.

BOY FALLS 85 FEET AND NO BONES ARE BROKEN. Dan Spaulding, Neb., Sept. 20. A 12-year-old boy, who had climbed to the spiral of a Methodist church with some companions, missed his footing at the very top and fell to the bottom of the steeple, a distance of 85 feet, without serious results. In his descent he struck a 2x6 rafter, breaking it square in two. After his fall, he arose and walked to the door of the church, where he fainted. Upon his revival in a few moments, he walked to a doctor's office, where an examination showed that no bones were broken, and that he had no internal injuries, and with the exception of a small bruise on his forehead, he had not suffered from the fall.

DIXON COUNTY JUDGE RESIGNS. Ponca, Neb., Sept. 19.—County Judge Fred W. Brown, resigned to re-enter the active practice of his profession. Former Judge F. D. Falco was appointed to fill the vacancy by the board of supervisors.

DAHLMAN MAINTAINS LEAD OVER GOVERNOR. Omaha, Neb., Sept. 19.—The recount of the Democratic ticket and the result of the election, giving Governor Shallenberger a net gain of 83, but still leaving Mayor Dahlman a majority of 1,000 votes. The recount was completed yesterday afternoon, and Governor Shallenberger served a formal demand on the canvassing board that about 800 votes be thrown out on account of alleged irregularities.

GOVERNOR RETIRES TO FAVOR DAHLMAN. Writes Letter Admitting Defeat and Pledging Support to Democratic Ticket. Lincoln, Neb., Sept. 20.—Governor Shallenberger has stepped aside in favor of Mayor Dahlman. He has decided to proceed no further with the recount of the votes cast at the primary election, and is now ready to aid the democratic party in this state in whatever way he can. Last evening he wrote a letter to J. C. Byrne, chairman of the state central committee, at Columbus. In part it says: "Dear sir: Since the recount asked by me certain counties, which have been chosen as the nominee of the democratic party in Nebraska for governor, under the primary law of the state, I write to you to-day to advise you that my statement made at the time the recount was asked for, I shall proceed no further in the matter and am ready to do all that I can for the success of the democratic ticket and the good of the party in the future.

"While a recount of the 40 counties asked for by Mr. Dahlman might have given me the nomination, the time is too short to permit of such a result in injury to our party and to the benefit of our opponents.

"This is going to be a democratic year, and I want to see Nebraska line up with the national and I shall do what I can for you and the organization which you command, to win a sweeping victory.

BLINDNESS CAUSES SUICIDE. Lincoln, Neb., Sept. 20.—Because he had been blind for several years, Edgar A. Tullis ended his life by sending a bullet into his heart at the home of his parents, on North Twenty-eighth street, yesterday afternoon. He had been married. He had been separated from his wife for several months.

WOMEN WORK FOR BOOKS. Winslow, Neb., Sept. 20.—The Winslow Women's club, after a carload of old paper, the proceeds of which will be used to buy more books for the public library.

STATUE OF GOETHE. Berlin, Sept. 20.—The international group chosen by the German societies of Chicago to select a design for the Goethe memorial to be erected in Lincoln park in that city, today decided on the design submitted by Professor Hermann Hahn.

VETERAN OF MANILA BAY IS SUMMONED BY DEATH. El Paso, Tex., Sept. 20.—Frank Bertain, who was voted a medal by congress for heroism at the battle of Manila bay, died here yesterday. He was a member of the crew of Admiral Dewey's flagship Olympia, and when the Spanish flagship was sinking carried a line to the shore, saving nearly 200 lives. Several European countries awarded him medals for bravery.

CASTRO IS ACCUSED. Tenerife, Canary Islands, Sept. 20.—A manifesto bearing the signatures of an accusing former President Castro of Venezuela, of organizing a plot in the Canaries against the life of the present Venezuelan president, Juan V. Gomez, is being circulated here.

OF WHAT CHURCH IS W. J. BRYAN PASTOR

Iowa School Authorities Are Anxious to Settle His Status as Preacher.

Lincoln, Neb., Sept. 19.—Eas William Jennings Bryan, in addition to being the champion orator of the world, champion winner in presidential races, farmer, lawyer and statesman, ever been a pastor of a church? This is the question asked by J. B. Dalby, of Laocoma, Ia., in a letter written to Chief Malone, and received today. Mr. Dalby is represented as being identified with the "Knights of the Kingdom."

"Will you kindly inform me," writes Mr. Dalby, "the denomination to which Colonel William J. Bryan belongs, and of what church he has been the pastor?"

These questions have been requested by the school authorities and I am unable to learn this elsewhere. If you will kindly inform me of these items with enclosed stamp I will consider it a courtesy. I shall be glad to be referred to Fairview. This is an additional honor thrust upon Mr. Bryan, the last previous one recorded having been the assurance that he began his career on the stage as an actor.

PRISON SENTENCE LOOSENS TONGUE OF DEAF MUTE. Lincoln, Neb., Sept. 19.—J. M. Fry, James Benkleman, Neb., as his name was arrested here while circulating a paper which stated that he was deaf and dumb, and that he had been struck by typhoid fever. When lodged in jail he found his tongue, and berated Patrolman E. M. Dillow for taking him in charge. He was fined \$25 and costs upon a charge of disorderly conduct. The subscription papers which he carried showed that he had received generous treatment from many Nebraska people.

FIANCEE OBJECTS TO NAME OF RUBBERNECK. Omaha, Neb., Sept. 19.—Not entirely satisfied with his name and objecting to it principally because the young woman to whom he is engaged has declared that she can never wed unless it is changed, John Rubberneck has applied to the court to have his name changed to John R. Neck.

BANKER DRIVES SCHOONER ACROSS THE CONTINENT. Omaha, Neb., Sept. 16.—Albert W. Harris, a wealthy banker, passed through Omaha yesterday, driving a prairie schooner on his way from Los Angeles, Cal., to his home, where he expects to arrive about October 1. His trip started from Los Angeles on May 15, and he has driven his team nearly 2,500 miles.

LINCOLN DAILY STAR IS SOLD BY THOMPSON. Lincoln, Neb., Sept. 16.—Herbert E. Gooch and L. B. Tobin, Lincoln business men, the former owner of a line of grain brokerage, have bought a controlling interest in the Lincoln Evening Star from David E. Thompson, former ambassador to Mexico and founder of the paper. The new owners have agreed to continue the Associated Press for a number of years. Politically the paper will be independent. The change will take effect immediately.

DEPENDENT OF COUNTY TAKES TRIP ABROAD. Lyons, Neb., Sept. 16.—Rev. Ludwig Safeldt leaves Lyons today for Pender, and thence to Germany, his native place. He is an aged man with an unusual command of several languages. He is said, including Japanese. Yet for 25 years past he has been a more or less dependent on the county funds of Cuming county, where he has a brother and other relatives living. The Cuming county poor laws, which are administered by his friends in Cuming county, furnished the necessary means of gratifying his desire.

NEBRASKA CORN WILL YIELD 170,000,000 BUSHELS. Lincoln, Neb., Sept. 16.—According to Deputy Labor Commissioner Maupin, Nebraska will produce approximately 170,000,000 bushels of corn this year. This is 25,000,000 bushels less than last year's crop. These figures are based on advance reports he has received from all sections of the state.

PASTOR HOLDS PARSONAGE UNTIL SALARY IS PAID. Ponca, Neb., Sept. 16.—Rev. A. W. Ahrens, pastor of the Methodist church here, has notified his congregation through the press that he will hold the parsonage until his salary successor until his salary, part of which he says is still due him, is paid in full.

WATERWAY MEETING. St. Louis, Sept. 16.—The next convention of the Lakes-to-the-Gulf Deep Waterways association will be held here November 25 and 26, according to the program.

CONGRESSIONAL NOMINEE QUILTS IN NEBRASKA. Grand Island, Neb., Sept. 16.—As the result of the meeting of a joint committee representing the state central committees of the democratic and populist parties in Nebraska, Judge J. R. Dean, democratic congressman from the Sixth district, today withdrew from the race in favor of W. J. Taylor, the populist nominee.

WHOLE FAMILY VICTIMS OF A BRUTAL ASSAULT. Newkirk, Okla., Sept. 19.—After leaving her father, Taylor Shepard, and her uncle, J. W. Shepard, unconscious in another room, an unidentified man entered the Shepard home, where he attacked the girl. The assailant escaped, but the girl was severely injured. The girl will probably fatally injured. The men will recover.

RUSSIAN DIPLOMAT IS DYING IN PARIS. Paris, Sept. 19.—M. Alexander Ivanovitch De Neldoff, the Russian ambassador to France, is dying.

NEBRASKA'S "DARIUS GREEN." Bloomfield, Neb., Sept. 19.—Walter Green, of Wintry, is expected to have a flying machine and expects to have it ready for trial about October 1.

BROTHER ACCUSED OF MURDER BUYS SHAFT FOR ALLEGED VICTIM

William Flegge Says It May Strike Terror to Conscience of Guilty One.

Wayne, Neb., Sept. 16.—William Flegge, charged with the murder of his sister, has ordered a costly monument to be erected at her grave on which will be engraved a likeness of the dead girl. Flegge says the real murderer of his sister may sometime visit the cemetery and there, seeing the image of the girl he so cruelly murdered, may be operating under the force of a conscience stricken as to confess the crime.

There are few developments in the mysterious case of the murder of Louise Flegge for which her brother is held under heavy bonds pending his trial, which is expected to be held at Ponca in December. Evidently acting under instructions from his attorneys, William Flegge is saying nothing, but going about his accustomed work on the farm where the tragedy occurred. His only significant act being so as to permit the Bell Works of the monument which is to be placed above her untimely grave.

In the quiet and unobtrusive German neighborhood where he lives there is no change in the attitude of friends toward him, except it be the additional tone of sadness which finds place in the greetings since the excitement over the discovery of the body of the girl in the yard on the evening of June 30.

The case will be warmly contested on both sides, the county attorney being sure of his ground and Flegge's attorneys being prepared to put up a strong case to free their client.

TELEPHONE HEARING GOES TO REFEREE. Lincoln, Neb., Sept. 16.—After listening to argument on a motion to modify its recent temporary restraining order, the court has appointed Earl W. Nebraska Telephone company to connect with Nebraska City, Plattsmouth and Papillion Telephone companies, the supreme court has withheld its ruling on the matter until the parties to the main case would be given to a referee for the taking of testimony.

If the parties to the injunction cannot agree on a referee within one week the court is to appoint one. The suit was instituted by Attorney General Thompson under the Junkin act and anti-trust law of Nebraska. It seeks to prevent the Bell company from purchasing or controlling with independent companies in Otoe, Sarpy and Cass counties.

DEATH RIDES WITH A BLEEDING VICTIM. Youth Mortally Wounded by Accidental Discharge of Gun, Expires on Reaching Town. Alton, Ia., Sept. 16.—When Edwin Rothenbuehler was seen riding through the woods near Alton, Ia., a few miles east of here, with his face and neck drenched with blood, his horse was stopped and it was found that the man was unconscious. He died shortly after his arrival in a private house for treatment. Investigation revealed the fact that a charge of shot had lodged in his temple and about his face and neck.

Later Joseph Oberman, jr., son of a Granville merchant, returned from hunting and was told of the mysterious occurrence. Then he recalled that he had met Rothenbuehler about a mile from Alton, Ia., and that he had seen him that soon after they had passed his gun was accidentally discharged in the direction of Rothenbuehler, but as the man made no outcry and continued on his way without changing his position in the buggy, nothing more was thought of the incident.

The physician in attendance is of the opinion that Rothenbuehler was unconscious from the moment he was struck and that without his volition he remained seated naturally in the buggy while the horse found his way for the remaining mile to town, where he was taken to a hospital. The reins remained in the man's closed hands. Rothenbuehler was about 22 years old and lived with his parents four miles southeast of Granville.

Two Years in Prison for Sugar Trust Man. Former Superintendent of Refinery Is Given Sentence in Federal Court. New York, Sept. 16.—Ernest W. Gerbraich, former superintendent of the Williamsburg refinery of the American Refining company, who with Charles R. Heike, former secretary and treasurer of the company, was convicted last spring of conspiracy to defraud the government by the underweighting of sugar, was today sentenced to two years in the federal penitentiary at Atlanta and fined \$5,000 by Judge Martin in the United States district court.

NEGRO BAPTISTS MEET. New Orleans, La., Sept. 16.—The largest gathering of negroes ever held here for a purpose, when President Mott called to order about 7,000 delegates to the National Convention of Negro Baptists. Governor Sanders welcomed the negroes to the city and the Rev. B. F. Daniel, pastor of the First Baptist church, delivered an address of welcome.

SAILOR HAS CHOLERA. Cologne, Sept. 16.—A sailor who arrived here today from Danzig has been placed in a hospital as a cholera suspect. A bacterial examination was ordered.

Hired Man Killed. Oshkosh, Wis., Sept. 16.—Mrs. Louisa Edwards, wife of Ira Edwards, a farmer at Black Wolf point, was murdered in her home late yesterday afternoon by George Kuensel, a farm hand, who followed up the crime by blowing out his brains. No cause for the tragedy is known.

MONASTERY CLOSED. Lisbon, Sept. 16.—The monastery of the Spanish Jesuits at Aldeia-Ponte has been closed by the government. The latter are warned that if they return to Portugal they will be arrested.

WIFE OF CRIPPEN BUTCHERED BY AN EXPERT, IS STORY

Affinity of the Accused Appears in Court Looking Wan and Pale From Her Ordeal.

London, Sept. 16.—Testimony at the resumption today of the Crippen murder trial, Professor Augustus J. Pepper, pathologist of the University of London, said his examination had convinced him that the human remains found in the cellar of the Hilldrop Crescent home were severed by a hand skilled in surgery and directed by a mind that possessed a real knowledge of anatomy.

The weak spot in Professor Pepper's testimony was his admission on cross examination, that he had been unable to identify the sex of the victim found in the cellar. Professor Pepper said that Dr. Crippen, who is charged as the principal in the murder of his wife, Bella Elmore, the American actress, was seemingly as cool and collected as any other man he had seen in the courtroom, and eagerly whispered to his solicitor, Arthur Newton, whenever he thought he had detected a point in his favor.

Miss Leneve Distressed. On the other hand, Ethel Clara Leneve, accused as an accessory after the fact, was wan and plainly in mental and physical distress. The police authorities had notified her that the day would be a trying one for her, and accordingly she was attended for the first time in court by a waitress, who sat close to her throughout the proceedings.

Professor Pepper was the first witness called by the prosecution. At considerable length he described the examination which he made of the human remains, and he identified pieces of flesh as belonging to various parts of the body, including the head, hands, forearms, feet, and legs below the knees. He said that the human body was undoubtedly from a human body. No bones were discovered, nor was there any trace of the genital organs.

The whole witness was somewhat incoherent, and the only wound was a cut in the upper part of the windpipe. Other parts were left undisturbed by the one who did the cutting and the way in which the body had been separated convinced the expert that who ever was guilty of the mutilation did his work with an exactness born of familiarity with the human body.

Professor Pepper said that he had discovered included a short strand of fair texture wrapped up in a handkerchief of the size commonly used by men. The witness identified particularly clearly a piece of flesh 6 1/2 inches in size as coming from the abdominal wall, and which bore a scar which in his opinion was undoubtedly left by a wound from an operation.

The witness said that the scar was in a vertical direction and more than four inches in length. It was old and might have been on the body for many years. The condition of the organs recovered was such that he had no doubt indicated a stoutish person in middle life.

No Trace of Sex. Witness said that he found no trace of the sex of the person buried for not less than four months and for not more than eight months. The witness explained that he meant that he could not identify the sex unless he had had the question regarding the sex, and Mr. Newton tried to make out that what appeared as a scar might be merely an overlapping of the skin.

The pathologist is fantastical, said the prosecutor.

DIVINITY STUDENT ACCUSED BY GIRL OF GIVING POISON. Kansas City, Sept. 16.—A warrant charging Karl Bickel, a divinity student of this city, with manslaughter in connection with the death of Frances Peters, a young girl, is in effect. Bickel succumbed to mercurial poisoning in a hospital here last night, was issued by the authorities of Johnson county, Kansas, today. Bickel, who is 22 years of age, has not yet been located by the officers.

On August 31 Miss Peters accompanied Bickel to Olathe, Kan., where, according to the girl's dying statement, she had been engaged to marry him. Bickel had been engaged to preach a sermon. Arriving there she said Bickel suggested that they go to a hotel as they had no acquaintances in the town. At the hotel Bickel registered as Dr. E. S. Hart and wife of Omaha.

The girl in her statement charged that Bickel told her he had some knowledge of medicine, and as she was not feeling well, he suggested that she use some tablets he brought to her. She soon became violently ill. Bickel brought her to a hospital here, where she remained until her death. Her friends and employees were unable to locate her for several days after her disappearance.

Miss Peters formerly lived in Lincoln, Nebraska, her father, a jeweler, died several years ago.

BRICK TRUST IS INDICTED BY FEDERAL GRAND JURY. Chicago, Sept. 16.—The so-called "brick trust" was indicted by the federal grand jury today. Charged with violation of the Sherman anti-trust law, four individuals and three companies are named, as follows: D. V. Furrington, president of the Furrington Paving Brick company, of Chicago; J. S. Baker, secretary of the Metropolitan Paving Brick company, of Canton, Ohio; C. C. Barr, president of the Barr Clay company, of Reading, Ill.; William F. Brennan, Chicago, sales agent for the three companies.

The complaint represented by the foregoing individuals also were indicted.

ZEPPELIN CRAFT EXPLODES AGAIN

German Inventor Harassed From the Beginning, Meets With Another Bad Mishap.

Baden Baden, Sept. 16.—If anything could discourage that intrepid apostle of aerial navigation, Count Zeppelin, it would appear to have been furnished today when the Zeppelin VI, the latest model of his aerial invention, was torn by the explosion of one of the three motors located in the stern gondola. The airship's crew were seriously injured.

The accident occurred as the dirigible was being slowly worked into her shed here. The defective motor had been operating under a trial trip, and by the crew were whirled from their posts in the rear gondola as the craft trembled and lurched. There was a sharp report, and the motor was torn to pieces. The immense fabric of silk canvas was aflame. The crew hardly realizing what had happened tumbled over the sides of the airship, barely escaping serious injury. The dirigible spread so rapidly that the shed was soon destroyed.

His Fifth Accident. This is the fifth serious accident which has befallen the Zeppelin dirigible, the first of which have been brilliant, but brief.

The Zeppelin VI was under charter of the Passenger Airship company, having replaced in the service the recently wrecked Deutschland. She was transferred from Friedrichshafen to this place, and after having been fitted with improved propellers and other improvements, made a trial trip on August 19. She proved to be the speediest of her type and it was announced that she would maintain a speed of 48 miles an hour.

The dirigible was reconstructed to carry 10 passengers and during the last few days had made trips to various interesting places. Many Americans had chartered the airship for the use of a private party next Friday. He had agreed to pay \$500 for the first two hours of the excursion and \$250 for each additional hour.

Suspended from the center of the airship was a luxuriously furnished cabin. She carried a crew of 10 men.

DEATH RIDES WITH A BLEEDING VICTIM. Youth Mortally Wounded by Accidental Discharge of Gun, Expires on Reaching Town. Alton, Ia., Sept. 16.—When Edwin Rothenbuehler was seen riding through the woods near Alton, Ia., a few miles east of here, with his face and neck drenched with blood, his horse was stopped and it was found that the man was unconscious. He died shortly after his arrival in a private house for treatment. Investigation revealed the fact that a charge of shot had lodged in his temple and about his face and neck.

Later Joseph Oberman, jr., son of a Granville merchant, returned from hunting and was told of the mysterious occurrence. Then he recalled that he had met Rothenbuehler about a mile from Alton, Ia., and that he had seen him that soon after they had passed his gun was accidentally discharged in the direction of Rothenbuehler, but as the man made no outcry and continued on his way without changing his position in the buggy, nothing more was thought of the incident.

The physician in attendance is of the opinion that Rothenbuehler was unconscious from the moment he was struck and that without his volition he remained seated naturally in the buggy while the horse found his way for the remaining mile to town, where he was taken to a hospital. The reins remained in the man's closed hands. Rothenbuehler was about 22 years old and lived with his parents four miles southeast of Granville.

Two Years in Prison for Sugar Trust Man. Former Superintendent of Refinery Is Given Sentence in Federal Court. New York, Sept. 16.—Ernest W. Gerbraich, former superintendent of the Williamsburg refinery of the American Refining company, who with Charles R. Heike, former secretary and treasurer of the company, was convicted last spring of conspiracy to defraud the government by the underweighting of sugar, was today sentenced to two years in the federal penitentiary at Atlanta and fined \$5,000 by Judge Martin in the United States district court.

NEGRO BAPTISTS MEET. New Orleans, La., Sept. 16.—The largest gathering of negroes ever held here for a purpose, when President Mott called to order about 7,000 delegates to the National Convention of Negro Baptists. Governor Sanders welcomed the negroes to the city and the Rev. B. F. Daniel, pastor of the First Baptist church, delivered an address of welcome.

SAILOR HAS CHOLERA. Cologne, Sept. 16.—A sailor who arrived here today from Danzig has been placed in a hospital as a cholera suspect. A bacterial examination was ordered.

Hired Man Killed. Oshkosh, Wis., Sept. 16.—Mrs. Louisa Edwards, wife of Ira Edwards, a farmer at Black Wolf point, was murdered in her home late yesterday afternoon by George Kuensel, a farm hand, who followed up the crime by blowing out his brains. No cause for the tragedy is known.

MONASTERY CLOSED. Lisbon, Sept. 16.—The monastery of the Spanish Jesuits at Aldeia-Ponte has been closed by the government. The latter are warned that if they return to Portugal they will be arrested.

BRADSTREET AND DUN REPORT ON BUSINESS

Indications from the West Are Declared to Be Particularly Bright.

New York, Sept. 26.—Bradstreet's Saturday report...

Trade and industrial exports are rather more irregular. The first rush of fall buying is over at many cities, but fall festivals and state fairs still attract visitors to the market. Western reports are still the most optimistic, and liberal marketing of cereal crops has made far more plentiful money supplies and an apparently easier position of western banks...

Business failures in the United States for the week ending September 15 were 216, against 173 last week, 198 in the like week of 1913, 256 in 1912, 179 in 1911 and 190 in 1910.

Business failures in Canada for the week number 30, which compares with 19 for last week and 20 for the like week of 1913.

R. G. Foster & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: "Some increase in business, incident to the opening of fall activities, is noted at many of the leading trade centers, but the general condition of the country is still regarded as the result of the political uncertainty."

The report improvement in the iron and steel trade does not appear to have been general, and the actual condition is not disclosed by the state iron and steel industry. Storage of iron and steel is reported to be about the same as last week, although moving with fair activity in certain districts, particularly in the west, conditions as a whole to be characterized by conservatism on the part of buyers and holders of stocks.

Under a police ban
Baby incubator is
Exhibit at Kentucky State Fair
Is Closed by Order of
Authorities.

Cincinnati, R., Sept. 26.—The baby incubator show at the state fair was closed by the police last night. The exhibit followed the death of two children who were brought to this city for medical attention.

The exhibit, which was a model of a baby incubator, was closed by the police last night. The exhibit followed the death of two children who were brought to this city for medical attention.

The exhibit followed the death of two children who were brought to this city for medical attention. The exhibit followed the death of two children who were brought to this city for medical attention.

The exhibit followed the death of two children who were brought to this city for medical attention. The exhibit followed the death of two children who were brought to this city for medical attention.

The exhibit followed the death of two children who were brought to this city for medical attention. The exhibit followed the death of two children who were brought to this city for medical attention.

The exhibit followed the death of two children who were brought to this city for medical attention. The exhibit followed the death of two children who were brought to this city for medical attention.

The exhibit followed the death of two children who were brought to this city for medical attention. The exhibit followed the death of two children who were brought to this city for medical attention.

The exhibit followed the death of two children who were brought to this city for medical attention. The exhibit followed the death of two children who were brought to this city for medical attention.

The exhibit followed the death of two children who were brought to this city for medical attention. The exhibit followed the death of two children who were brought to this city for medical attention.

The exhibit followed the death of two children who were brought to this city for medical attention. The exhibit followed the death of two children who were brought to this city for medical attention.

The exhibit followed the death of two children who were brought to this city for medical attention. The exhibit followed the death of two children who were brought to this city for medical attention.

The exhibit followed the death of two children who were brought to this city for medical attention. The exhibit followed the death of two children who were brought to this city for medical attention.

The exhibit followed the death of two children who were brought to this city for medical attention. The exhibit followed the death of two children who were brought to this city for medical attention.

The exhibit followed the death of two children who were brought to this city for medical attention. The exhibit followed the death of two children who were brought to this city for medical attention.

The exhibit followed the death of two children who were brought to this city for medical attention. The exhibit followed the death of two children who were brought to this city for medical attention.

PRESIDENTS CITED BY ROOSEVELT IN COURT CRITICISM

Ex-President, in His Syracuse Speech, Replies to Attacks of His Enemies Upon Position.

Syracuse, N. Y., Sept. 26.—Abraham Lincoln and William Howard Taft were quoted by Theodore Roosevelt today in support of his claim of the right to criticize the decisions of the supreme court of the United States.

Roosevelt delivered an address at the state fair, and the criticisms made of him for his questioning of two decisions of the supreme court constituted the burden of his talk.

Mr. Roosevelt declared that he had merely echoed the dissenting opinions of members of the court, particularly of the chief justice, in what he had said in criticism of the decisions of the court in the Knight sugar case and the "Bakeshop" case.

Lincoln on Dred Scott. Mr. Roosevelt quoted at length from Abraham Lincoln's criticism of the court in the Dred Scott case. He declared that Lincoln's language was "highly dignified and noble."

Mr. Roosevelt said that he had merely echoed the dissenting opinions of members of the court, particularly of the chief justice, in what he had said in criticism of the decisions of the court in the Knight sugar case and the "Bakeshop" case.

Lincoln on Dred Scott. Mr. Roosevelt quoted at length from Abraham Lincoln's criticism of the court in the Dred Scott case. He declared that Lincoln's language was "highly dignified and noble."

Mr. Roosevelt said that he had merely echoed the dissenting opinions of members of the court, particularly of the chief justice, in what he had said in criticism of the decisions of the court in the Knight sugar case and the "Bakeshop" case.

Lincoln on Dred Scott. Mr. Roosevelt quoted at length from Abraham Lincoln's criticism of the court in the Dred Scott case. He declared that Lincoln's language was "highly dignified and noble."

Mr. Roosevelt said that he had merely echoed the dissenting opinions of members of the court, particularly of the chief justice, in what he had said in criticism of the decisions of the court in the Knight sugar case and the "Bakeshop" case.

Lincoln on Dred Scott. Mr. Roosevelt quoted at length from Abraham Lincoln's criticism of the court in the Dred Scott case. He declared that Lincoln's language was "highly dignified and noble."

Mr. Roosevelt said that he had merely echoed the dissenting opinions of members of the court, particularly of the chief justice, in what he had said in criticism of the decisions of the court in the Knight sugar case and the "Bakeshop" case.

Lincoln on Dred Scott. Mr. Roosevelt quoted at length from Abraham Lincoln's criticism of the court in the Dred Scott case. He declared that Lincoln's language was "highly dignified and noble."

Mr. Roosevelt said that he had merely echoed the dissenting opinions of members of the court, particularly of the chief justice, in what he had said in criticism of the decisions of the court in the Knight sugar case and the "Bakeshop" case.

Lincoln on Dred Scott. Mr. Roosevelt quoted at length from Abraham Lincoln's criticism of the court in the Dred Scott case. He declared that Lincoln's language was "highly dignified and noble."

Mr. Roosevelt said that he had merely echoed the dissenting opinions of members of the court, particularly of the chief justice, in what he had said in criticism of the decisions of the court in the Knight sugar case and the "Bakeshop" case.

Lincoln on Dred Scott. Mr. Roosevelt quoted at length from Abraham Lincoln's criticism of the court in the Dred Scott case. He declared that Lincoln's language was "highly dignified and noble."

Mr. Roosevelt said that he had merely echoed the dissenting opinions of members of the court, particularly of the chief justice, in what he had said in criticism of the decisions of the court in the Knight sugar case and the "Bakeshop" case.

Lincoln on Dred Scott. Mr. Roosevelt quoted at length from Abraham Lincoln's criticism of the court in the Dred Scott case. He declared that Lincoln's language was "highly dignified and noble."

Mr. Roosevelt said that he had merely echoed the dissenting opinions of members of the court, particularly of the chief justice, in what he had said in criticism of the decisions of the court in the Knight sugar case and the "Bakeshop" case.

Lincoln on Dred Scott. Mr. Roosevelt quoted at length from Abraham Lincoln's criticism of the court in the Dred Scott case. He declared that Lincoln's language was "highly dignified and noble."

Mr. Roosevelt said that he had merely echoed the dissenting opinions of members of the court, particularly of the chief justice, in what he had said in criticism of the decisions of the court in the Knight sugar case and the "Bakeshop" case.

Lincoln on Dred Scott. Mr. Roosevelt quoted at length from Abraham Lincoln's criticism of the court in the Dred Scott case. He declared that Lincoln's language was "highly dignified and noble."

Mr. Roosevelt said that he had merely echoed the dissenting opinions of members of the court, particularly of the chief justice, in what he had said in criticism of the decisions of the court in the Knight sugar case and the "Bakeshop" case.

BIG CROOK VISITS HIS DISPLEASURE ON KANSAS TOWN

Robber Gang in Wichita, Angry Over Indictments, Seek to Make Place Afraid of Them.

Wichita, Kan., Sept. 26.—John Callahan, who has been a cell, but his soul goes marching on. The night he went to jail the heavy hand of his displeasure fell on Wichita.

For years Wichita has been free from robberies of the kind, such as safe cracking and burglary. John Callahan took the city under his protecting wing and kept it free from crime. This was in return for the money he collected by the police and for the refuge Wichita afforded to the robber gang, which preyed on surrounding towns.

But the disgraceful contract between the robber gang and the police was broken. John Callahan went to jail the other afternoon and that night his friends showed their displeasure by closing their saloons in the heart of the business district. These saloons are taken as notice from the robber gang that Wichita is to be punished for breaking its contract. The new chief of police was accepted by the gang, and says that Wichita shall be freed again from such robberies, but not through a peace agreement with the robbers.

The two robberies were close together. The door of a business office in the Caldwell-Murdoch office building on Douglas avenue within 200 feet of the city hall was broken into. A corner was removed by boring around the lock. The outer doors of a steel burglar proof safe were removed. One of the robbers was injured while getting into the safe, and the job was given up. The floor was spattered with blood.

Robbers Left Bloody Marks. Two blocks distant the same robbers, who left bloody marks to identify themselves, used nitroglycerin on a large steel safe in a business building. The police say the job was one of the hardest they ever saw. The doors of the heavy safe were entirely destroyed by the explosion which was muffled by clothing obtained from the dry cleaning establishment to which the safe belonged. The safe door was driven through in a large showpiece by the explosion.

Valuable papers and \$150 were taken. The police have no clue except the blood on the floor which indicates one of the robbers is carrying a bandaged hand today.

The officers believe the robbery is the work of members of the Callahan gang, of whom Edward Bremer, a federal grand jury here yesterday for robbing postoffices, L. S. Natzenberger, a leading banker, and Frank S. Burt, were indicted at the same time for receiving stolen goods. Bremer was charged by the robbery gang, and John Callahan, the alleged leader, are now in the state penitentiary. Bremer gave bond for their appearance for trial at the March, 1911 term of the federal court.

The Wichita police force, from which Bremer and Natzenberger resigned, as chief, is undergoing a thorough reorganization and many of the old patrolmen and detectives have been let go. Green men have taken their places.

What Mr. Taft Thought. "Shaking as a United States citizen and as a citizen of the state of Massachusetts, I am deeply and justly indignant at the opportunity freely and publicly to criticize judicial action is of vast importance to the body politic than the immunity of courts and judges from such attacks."

Nothing tends more to render judges careful in their decisions, and anxious to do exact justice, than the consciousness that every act of theirs is to be subjected to the most searching and candid criticism of their fellow men. In the case of judges having a life tenure indeed, their very independence makes the right freely to criticize their actions a public duty of the highest importance and available instrument in the hands of a free people to keep such judges true to the reasonable demands of their office."

What Mr. Taft Thought. "Shaking as a United States citizen and as a citizen of the state of Massachusetts, I am deeply and justly indignant at the opportunity freely and publicly to criticize judicial action is of vast importance to the body politic than the immunity of courts and judges from such attacks."

Nothing tends more to render judges careful in their decisions, and anxious to do exact justice, than the consciousness that every act of theirs is to be subjected to the most searching and candid criticism of their fellow men. In the case of judges having a life tenure indeed, their very independence makes the right freely to criticize their actions a public duty of the highest importance and available instrument in the hands of a free people to keep such judges true to the reasonable demands of their office."

What Mr. Taft Thought. "Shaking as a United States citizen and as a citizen of the state of Massachusetts, I am deeply and justly indignant at the opportunity freely and publicly to criticize judicial action is of vast importance to the body politic than the immunity of courts and judges from such attacks."

Nothing tends more to render judges careful in their decisions, and anxious to do exact justice, than the consciousness that every act of theirs is to be subjected to the most searching and candid criticism of their fellow men. In the case of judges having a life tenure indeed, their very independence makes the right freely to criticize their actions a public duty of the highest importance and available instrument in the hands of a free people to keep such judges true to the reasonable demands of their office."

What Mr. Taft Thought. "Shaking as a United States citizen and as a citizen of the state of Massachusetts, I am deeply and justly indignant at the opportunity freely and publicly to criticize judicial action is of vast importance to the body politic than the immunity of courts and judges from such attacks."

Nothing tends more to render judges careful in their decisions, and anxious to do exact justice, than the consciousness that every act of theirs is to be subjected to the most searching and candid criticism of their fellow men. In the case of judges having a life tenure indeed, their very independence makes the right freely to criticize their actions a public duty of the highest importance and available instrument in the hands of a free people to keep such judges true to the reasonable demands of their office."

What Mr. Taft Thought. "Shaking as a United States citizen and as a citizen of the state of Massachusetts, I am deeply and justly indignant at the opportunity freely and publicly to criticize judicial action is of vast importance to the body politic than the immunity of courts and judges from such attacks."

Nothing tends more to render judges careful in their decisions, and anxious to do exact justice, than the consciousness that every act of theirs is to be subjected to the most searching and candid criticism of their fellow men. In the case of judges having a life tenure indeed, their very independence makes the right freely to criticize their actions a public duty of the highest importance and available instrument in the hands of a free people to keep such judges true to the reasonable demands of their office."

What Mr. Taft Thought. "Shaking as a United States citizen and as a citizen of the state of Massachusetts, I am deeply and justly indignant at the opportunity freely and publicly to criticize judicial action is of vast importance to the body politic than the immunity of courts and judges from such attacks."

Nothing tends more to render judges careful in their decisions, and anxious to do exact justice, than the consciousness that every act of theirs is to be subjected to the most searching and candid criticism of their fellow men. In the case of judges having a life tenure indeed, their very independence makes the right freely to criticize their actions a public duty of the highest importance and available instrument in the hands of a free people to keep such judges true to the reasonable demands of their office."

What Mr. Taft Thought. "Shaking as a United States citizen and as a citizen of the state of Massachusetts, I am deeply and justly indignant at the opportunity freely and publicly to criticize judicial action is of vast importance to the body politic than the immunity of courts and judges from such attacks."

Nothing tends more to render judges careful in their decisions, and anxious to do exact justice, than the consciousness that every act of theirs is to be subjected to the most searching and candid criticism of their fellow men. In the case of judges having a life tenure indeed, their very independence makes the right freely to criticize their actions a public duty of the highest importance and available instrument in the hands of a free people to keep such judges true to the reasonable demands of their office."

What Mr. Taft Thought. "Shaking as a United States citizen and as a citizen of the state of Massachusetts, I am deeply and justly indignant at the opportunity freely and publicly to criticize judicial action is of vast importance to the body politic than the immunity of courts and judges from such attacks."

BACKER OF DR. COOK, HIS HUNTING RECORDS

John R. Bradley, in the Frozen North, on Mission of Corroboration.

Copenhagen, Sept. 19.—The Danish steamer Hans Egde arrived here today with the news that John R. Bradley, the financial backer of Dr. Frederick A. Cook's north polar expedition, was on his way to Etah to secure the much-talked-of records and instruments which Cook has said are at that Eskimo settlement northeast of Greenland. The captain of the steamer thinks that Cook is with Bradley, but gives no particular reason for this belief.

The Hans Egde, which is the vessel on which the explorer traveled to civilization, fell in with a yacht at Godhavn, a Danish settlement on the south coast of Disco Island, Greenland, and in the course of exchanges between the masters learned that Bradley was aboard the other craft.

The polar hunter promoter admitted his identity and explained that he was bound for Etah to recover whatever had been left there by Dr. Cook. He refused, however, to either deny or confirm the report that he was accompanied by the explorer.

The government vessel also brings the information that two missionaries who accompanied Cook on his expedition say that the Eskimos insist that the doctor reached the north pole, as he claims, prior to its discovery by Commander Peary.

What Mr. Taft Thought. "Shaking as a United States citizen and as a citizen of the state of Massachusetts, I am deeply and justly indignant at the opportunity freely and publicly to criticize judicial action is of vast importance to the body politic than the immunity of courts and judges from such attacks."

Nothing tends more to render judges careful in their decisions, and anxious to do exact justice, than the consciousness that every act of theirs is to be subjected to the most searching and candid criticism of their fellow men. In the case of judges having a life tenure indeed, their very independence makes the right freely to criticize their actions a public duty of the highest importance and available instrument in the hands of a free people to keep such judges true to the reasonable demands of their office."

What Mr. Taft Thought. "Shaking as a United States citizen and as a citizen of the state of Massachusetts, I am deeply and justly indignant at the opportunity freely and publicly to criticize judicial action is of vast importance to the body politic than the immunity of courts and judges from such attacks."

Nothing tends more to render judges careful in their decisions, and anxious to do exact justice, than the consciousness that every act of theirs is to be subjected to the most searching and candid criticism of their fellow men. In the case of judges having a life tenure indeed, their very independence makes the right freely to criticize their actions a public duty of the highest importance and available instrument in the hands of a free people to keep such judges true to the reasonable demands of their office."

What Mr. Taft Thought. "Shaking as a United States citizen and as a citizen of the state of Massachusetts, I am deeply and justly indignant at the opportunity freely and publicly to criticize judicial action is of vast importance to the body politic than the immunity of courts and judges from such attacks."

Nothing tends more to render judges careful in their decisions, and anxious to do exact justice, than the consciousness that every act of theirs is to be subjected to the most searching and candid criticism of their fellow men. In the case of judges having a life tenure indeed, their very independence makes the right freely to criticize their actions a public duty of the highest importance and available instrument in the hands of a free people to keep such judges true to the reasonable demands of their office."

What Mr. Taft Thought. "Shaking as a United States citizen and as a citizen of the state of Massachusetts, I am deeply and justly indignant at the opportunity freely and publicly to criticize judicial action is of vast importance to the body politic than the immunity of courts and judges from such attacks."

Nothing tends more to render judges careful in their decisions, and anxious to do exact justice, than the consciousness that every act of theirs is to be subjected to the most searching and candid criticism of their fellow men. In the case of judges having a life tenure indeed, their very independence makes the right freely to criticize their actions a public duty of the highest importance and available instrument in the hands of a free people to keep such judges true to the reasonable demands of their office."

What Mr. Taft Thought. "Shaking as a United States citizen and as a citizen of the state of Massachusetts, I am deeply and justly indignant at the opportunity freely and publicly to criticize judicial action is of vast importance to the body politic than the immunity of courts and judges from such attacks."

Nothing tends more to render judges careful in their decisions, and anxious to do exact justice, than the consciousness that every act of theirs is to be subjected to the most searching and candid criticism of their fellow men. In the case of judges having a life tenure indeed, their very independence makes the right freely to criticize their actions a public duty of the highest importance and available instrument in the hands of a free people to keep such judges true to the reasonable demands of their office."

What Mr. Taft Thought. "Shaking as a United States citizen and as a citizen of the state of Massachusetts, I am deeply and justly indignant at the opportunity freely and publicly to criticize judicial action is of vast importance to the body politic than the immunity of courts and judges from such attacks."

Nothing tends more to render judges careful in their decisions, and anxious to do exact justice, than the consciousness that every act of theirs is to be subjected to the most searching and candid criticism of their fellow men. In the case of judges having a life tenure indeed, their very independence makes the right freely to criticize their actions a public duty of the highest importance and available instrument in the hands of a free people to keep such judges true to the reasonable demands of their office."

What Mr. Taft Thought. "Shaking as a United States citizen and as a citizen of the state of Massachusetts, I am deeply and justly indignant at the opportunity freely and publicly to criticize judicial action is of vast importance to the body politic than the immunity of courts and judges from such attacks."

Nothing tends more to render judges careful in their decisions, and anxious to do exact justice, than the consciousness that every act of theirs is to be subjected to the most searching and candid criticism of their fellow men. In the case of judges having a life tenure indeed, their very independence makes the right freely to criticize their actions a public duty of the highest importance and available instrument in the hands of a free people to keep such judges true to the reasonable demands of their office."

What Mr. Taft Thought. "Shaking as a United States citizen and as a citizen of the state of Massachusetts, I am deeply and justly indignant at the opportunity freely and publicly to criticize judicial action is of vast importance to the body politic than the immunity of courts and judges from such attacks."

Nothing tends more to render judges careful in their decisions, and anxious to do exact justice, than the consciousness that every act of theirs is to be subjected to the most searching and candid criticism of their fellow men. In the case of judges having a life tenure indeed, their very independence makes the right freely to criticize their actions a public duty of the highest importance and available instrument in the hands of a free people to keep such judges true to the reasonable demands of their office."

What Mr. Taft Thought. "Shaking as a United States citizen and as a citizen of the state of Massachusetts, I am deeply and justly indignant at the opportunity freely and publicly to criticize judicial action is of vast importance to the body politic than the immunity of courts and judges from such attacks."

Nothing tends more to render judges careful in their decisions, and anxious to do exact justice, than the consciousness that every act of theirs is to be subjected to the most searching and candid criticism of their fellow men. In the case of judges having a life tenure indeed, their very independence makes the right freely to criticize their actions a public duty of the highest importance and available instrument in the hands of a free people to keep such judges true to the reasonable demands of their office."

What Mr. Taft Thought. "Shaking as a United States citizen and as a citizen of the state of Massachusetts, I am deeply and justly indignant at the opportunity freely and publicly to criticize judicial action is of vast importance to the body politic than the immunity of courts and judges from such attacks."

PRESIDENT TAFT IN A STATEMENT ON PATRONAGE

Private Secretary, in Epistle to Iowa Man, Announces De- cision of Chief.

Beverly, Mass., Sept. 15.—No difference between so-called progressives and regulars will be recognized by President Taft hereafter, but all party leaders will be treated alike in the matter of federal patronage. The president's views to this effect are given in a letter from Secretary to the President Norton to a republican leader in Iowa, whose name is not disclosed.

The letter of Secretary Norton, in full follows: "I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 8th at hand, and I have delayed replying until after the primary elections. The president desires me to express to you and your friends his deep appreciation of the work which you have done and the powerful assistance which you have extended to the administration from the beginning—an assistance that has contributed much to the legislative and other successes which have been secured. The president recognizes the untiring efforts that have been made in the campaign, and that you have fought sturdily and generously for what you believed to be in the interest of the welfare and success of the party."

"While republican legislation pending in congress was opposed by certain republicans the president felt it to be his duty to the party and to the country to support the federal program from certain senators and congressmen who seemed to be in opposition to the administration's efforts to carry out its policy in the party platform. That attitude, however, ended with the primary elections and nominating conventions, which have now been held, and in which the voters have had opportunity to decide the issue. The president is confident that you will yourself meet your local and state situation in this spirit and that you will write to your friends and acquaintances to this effect. The president feels that the value of federal patronage has been greatly exaggerated and the refusal to grant it has probably been more useful to the party than the appointments would have been."

"In the preliminary skirmishes in certain states like Wisconsin and Iowa and elsewhere, he was willing in the interest of the party to accept the nomination of a republican candidate, but he would lead to party success, to make certain discriminations; but the president has concluded that it is his duty now to treat all republican congressmen and senators alike, without any distinction."

"He will now follow the usual rule in republican congressional districts and states and follow the recommendations of the party organization, and senators of whatever shade of political opinion, only requiring that the men recommended shall be good men, the most competent and the best fitted for the particular office."

"Sincerely yours,
Charles D. Norton,
Secretary to the President."

What Mr. Taft Thought. "Shaking as a United States citizen and as a citizen of the state of Massachusetts, I am deeply and justly indignant at the opportunity freely and publicly to criticize judicial action is of vast importance to the body politic than the immunity of courts and judges from such attacks."

Nothing tends more to render judges careful in their decisions, and anxious to do exact justice, than the consciousness that every act of theirs is to be subjected to the most searching and candid criticism of their fellow men. In the case of judges having a life tenure indeed, their very independence makes the right freely to criticize their actions a public duty of the highest importance and available instrument in the hands of a free people to keep such judges true to the reasonable demands of their office."

What Mr. Taft Thought. "Shaking as a United States citizen and as a citizen of the state of Massachusetts, I am deeply and justly indignant at the opportunity freely and publicly to criticize judicial action is of vast importance to the body politic than the immunity of courts and judges from such attacks."

Nothing tends more to render judges careful in their decisions, and anxious to do exact justice, than the consciousness that every act of theirs is to be subjected to the most searching and candid criticism of their fellow men. In the case of judges having a life tenure indeed, their very independence makes the right freely to criticize their actions a public duty of the highest importance and available instrument in the hands of a free people to keep such judges true to the reasonable demands of their office."

What Mr. Taft Thought. "Shaking as a United States citizen and as a citizen of the state of Massachusetts, I am deeply and justly indignant at the opportunity freely and publicly to criticize judicial action is of vast importance to the body politic than the immunity of courts and judges from such attacks."

Nothing tends more to render judges careful in their decisions, and anxious to do exact justice, than the consciousness that every act of theirs is to be subjected to the most searching and candid criticism of their fellow men. In the case of judges having a life tenure indeed, their very independence makes the right freely to criticize their actions a public duty of the highest importance and available instrument in the hands of a free people to keep such judges true to the reasonable demands of their office."

What Mr. Taft Thought. "Shaking as a United States citizen and as a citizen of the state of Massachusetts, I am deeply and justly indignant at the opportunity freely and publicly to criticize judicial action is of vast importance to the body politic than the immunity of courts and judges from such attacks."

Nothing tends more to render judges careful in their decisions, and anxious to do exact justice, than the consciousness that every act of theirs is to be subjected to the most searching and candid criticism of their fellow men. In the case of judges having a life tenure indeed, their very independence makes the right freely to criticize their actions a public duty of the highest importance and available instrument in the hands of a free people to keep such judges true to the reasonable demands of their office."

What Mr. Taft Thought. "Shaking as a United States citizen and as a citizen of the state of Massachusetts, I am deeply and justly indignant at the opportunity freely and publicly to criticize judicial action is of vast importance to the body politic than the immunity of courts and judges from such attacks."

Nothing tends more to render judges careful in their decisions, and anxious to do exact justice, than the consciousness that every act of theirs is to be subjected to the most searching and candid criticism of their fellow men. In the case of judges having a life tenure indeed, their very independence makes the right freely to criticize their actions a public duty of the highest importance and available instrument in the hands of a free people to keep such judges true to the reasonable demands of their office."

What Mr. Taft Thought. "Shaking as a United States citizen and as a citizen of the state of Massachusetts, I am deeply and justly indignant at the opportunity freely and publicly to criticize judicial action is of vast importance to the body politic than the immunity of courts and judges from such attacks."

Nothing tends more to render judges careful in their decisions, and anxious to do exact justice, than the consciousness that every act of theirs is to be subjected to the most searching and candid criticism of their fellow men. In the case of judges having a life tenure indeed, their very independence makes the right freely to criticize their actions a public duty of the highest importance and available instrument in the hands of a free people to keep such judges true to the reasonable demands of their office."

What Mr. Taft Thought. "Shaking as a United States citizen and as a citizen of the state of Massachusetts, I am deeply and justly indignant at the opportunity freely and publicly to criticize judicial action is of vast importance to the body politic than the immunity of courts and judges from such attacks."

Nothing tends more to render judges careful in their decisions, and anxious to do exact justice, than the consciousness that every act of theirs is to be subjected to the most searching and candid criticism of their fellow men. In the case of judges having a life tenure indeed, their very independence makes the right freely to criticize their actions a public duty of the highest importance and available instrument in the hands of a free people to keep such judges true to the reasonable demands of their office."

What Mr. Taft Thought. "Shaking as a United States citizen and as a citizen of the state of Massachusetts, I am deeply and justly indignant at the opportunity freely and publicly to criticize judicial action is of vast importance to the body politic than the immunity of courts and judges from such attacks."

Nothing tends more to render judges careful in their decisions, and anxious to do exact justice, than the consciousness that every act of theirs is to be subjected to the most searching and candid criticism of their fellow men. In the case of judges having a life tenure indeed, their very independence makes the right freely to criticize their actions a public duty of the highest importance and available instrument in the hands of a free people to keep such judges true to the reasonable demands of their office."

What Mr. Taft Thought. "Shaking as a United States citizen and as a citizen of the state of Massachusetts, I am deeply and justly indignant at the opportunity freely and publicly to criticize judicial action is of vast importance to the body politic than the immunity of courts and judges from such attacks."

THORNE STIRS UP FIGHT AT HEARING

How Man Charges That Evidences Before Commission in New York Are Illegal.

New York, Sept. 17.—Clifford Thorne of Iowa, counsel for the Corn Belt Meat Producers' association and the National Live Stock Raisers' association, today presented a motion protesting against the production of the eastern freight rate investigation of the Interstate Commerce commission today, when he presented a motion protesting against the production of the evidence in the investigation of law.

Mr. Thorne's motion urged that the commission refrain from the production of the evidence in the investigation of law. He presented a motion protesting against the production of the evidence in the investigation of law. He presented a motion protesting against the production of the evidence in the investigation of law.

Mr. Thorne further requested that the commission refrain from the production of the evidence in the investigation of law. He presented a motion protesting against the production of the evidence in the investigation of law. He presented a motion protesting against the production of the evidence in the investigation of law.

Mr. Thorne further requested that the commission refrain from the production of the evidence in the investigation of law. He presented a motion protesting against the production of the evidence in the investigation of law. He presented a motion protesting against the production of the evidence in the investigation of law.

Mr. Thorne further requested that the commission refrain from the production of the evidence in the investigation of law. He presented a motion protesting against the production of the evidence in the investigation of law. He presented a motion protesting against the production of the evidence in the investigation of law.

Mr. Thorne further requested that the commission refrain from the production of the evidence in the investigation of law. He presented a motion protesting against the production of the evidence in the investigation of law. He presented a motion protesting against the production of the evidence in the investigation of law.

Mr. Thorne further requested that the commission refrain from the production of the evidence in the investigation of law. He presented a motion protesting against the production of the evidence in the investigation of law. He presented a motion protesting against the production of the evidence in the investigation of law.

Mr. Thorne further requested that the commission refrain from the production of the evidence in the investigation of law. He presented a motion protesting against the production of the evidence in the investigation of law. He presented a motion protesting against the production of the evidence in the investigation of law.

BY DAD

The Randolph Times wants cold cash for all political puffs. That rather takes all the starch out of the puffs.

Bixby says that old political reprobate, Joe Cannon, deserves credit for one thing anyway. He is able to fool all the people all the time in his district. If half that is told is true, about the millions of Uncle Sam's money being spent at Danville, Ill., the voters of that town are not fooled so badly after all.

I'd hate to be mayor and have to take all the abuse Hon. John T. Bressler has handed him.

Richard L. Metcalf can read all the nice things said about him in the republican papers and then tell whether it pays or not to be a traitor to one's party.

One Wayne sport says there is more gambling going on in Wayne at present than in any years of the town's history. It's a safe bet that the gamblers are all "friends" of the powers that be.

A vote for the republican candidates to the state legislature is a vote to continue Burkett and Cannon.

A gentleman visited the Democrat last week working a new graft; giving away gold watches to readers of bible history; something for nothing, of course, and that under the cloak of religion. Beats the deuce what some grafters won't turn to for the coin there is in it. But they would soon be out of business if it wasn't for the suckers.

We might be willing for Roosevelt to "come back" if we could forget that he gave us Taft.

The Madison Post says a woman met a gentleman friend at the Crystal last night and asked him where he came from. "I came clean from Norfolk," he replied. She looked her surprise which he noticed and said: "Why are you surprised?" "I was just wondering," she said "how it was possible for any one to come 'clean' from Norfolk."

Years ago when bussels were quite the rage there was a paper published known as the "Christian At Work." A Madison man remembers seeing a woman going down the street in an eastern town and standing out in good sized type was "a Christian At Work" really working—as a bussel.—Madison Post.

She must have been a "bustling" sort of a female to work such a "bussel" as that.

In these days of frenzied republican politics you can expect to see any kind of a statement in a stand-pat paper, even that Elmer J. Burkett is the George Washington of the present generation. What do you know about the Norfolk News editorially stating for instance, "There is nothing whatever in Colonel Roosevelt's platform as announced that is at variance with President Taft's policies."

Hadn't our commercial club better take another fall out of the railroad company and get Wayne Sunday mails?

The Randolph Enterprise is going to have a piano contest. What's the matter, Nellor? Is business too good?

The Commoner will be more common now than a Kansas hot wind.

Say, isn't the defeat of Tawney in Minnesota a bigger "blow to father" than Main "going hell-bent"?

Fancy Red Jonathan APPLES

To those who are acquainted with this variety of apples it is not necessary to mention its the "best ever" for eating and just tart enough to cook nicely. I am now selling on the last half of a full car load of Jonathans received last Saturday. They are just the kind for the children to carry to school. It will please them and they will keep them well too. Nothing does more to reduce your doctor bills than the using of fresh fruit in moderate portions. Can fill your order for a peck, bushel or barrel until present supply is exhausted.

National Light Kerosene

Is just as good as ever. The demand for high grade oil will increase as the season advances. The unsatisfactory results of using cheap, low-grade oil, it's users best explain. Use a product for which you will have words of praise. National light is an oil of merit. No smoky chimneys or a bad odor---just a clear, steady light. Sold in any quantity from one to 50 gallon.

How Much Do You Pay for Your Crackers?

If you buy crackers in 5, 10 or 25c packages you will find the weight stamped in fine type. You will observe you are paying not less than 13c up to 16c per pound. Why pay 13c for the common thick soda cracker, with uncertain freshness, when you have an opportunity to purchase Iten's Fairy Wafer cracker, packed in 7 lb tin cans, received direct from the bakery every three days, at 10c per pound? Call for free sample. Crackers are not the only money saving item at my store.

Cash Specials Ending Sept. 29

100 6 lb sacks Jersey Cream Pancake flour just received. This is the kind I will handle this season. Already to mix with milk or water. That every family may know the merits of this flour will sell the regular 25c size, on sale.....19c

200 cans Snow white Hominy. This is high grade and always-retails at 15c, 2 for 25c. Sale price.....3 for 25c

100 Bu. Jonathan apples, fine for eating or cooking; competitors get 25 per cent more. Sale price, per peck.....40c

200 Gross Town Talk Parlor Matches. Full 500 count and always sold at 5c straight. Sale price.....3 boxes for 10c

All medium grades of coffee are 2c to 3c per pound higher on the wholesale market. My purchases have been protected against the advance. For some time I will be in a position to furnish coffee at the old prices.

Ralph Rundell Quality Grocery.

I do not keep Splendid Flour---I sell it, every day, too.



Souvenir Roses
Free
Friday and Saturday



Millinery Display
Open
Friday Morning, 8:15



Ahern's

You Are Invited to Attend Our
Fall Opening Display of

Millinery and Ready to Wear Goods...

Friday and Saturday, Sept. 23-24

Our Fall and Winter Stocks are now at their very best--everything is in complete readiness for a big fall business and we will be pleased to have you come in tomorrow and Saturday and see what great preparations have been made to take care of your trade this fall.

You will find the stocks in all departments larger and finer than ever. You will note that we have added new lines to our Ready to Wear Stock and increased the showing in the lines before handled until Ahern's Ready to Wear Department is the best stocked and finest equipped store of its kind in N. E. Nebraska. The goods shown in this store are those generally found in the best class of City Stores and they are priced at much less than City Prices.

Ladies' Suits, Silk Dresses, Wool Dresses, Coats, Skirts, Silk and Tailored Waists, Dressing Sacques, Wrappers, Sweaters, Muslin Underwear, Petticoats. The New Fall Dresses, Coats and Suits for Girls and Children Are In.



TAILORED IN THE WORKSHOP OF WORTH

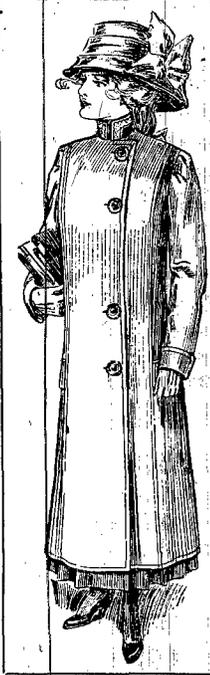


Your New Shoes Are Here

You will find our shoe department a complete shoe store. Four of the best lines of shoes made in America are here for you to select from. The new fall styles are all in, and the whole family can be fitted here with shoes that are guaranteed to be satisfactory in wear, comfort and style.

Queen Quality Shoes for Ladies
Kreider's Shoes for Children

J O K Shoes for Young Ladies
Packard Shoes for Men



The present liquor laws of Nebraska, minus the 8 o'clock closing edict, were good enough for Bryan when he was "running for office," but very bad in theory and practice when one of Bryan's life-time supporters is in the business.

Even the leaves begin to leave, but Ballinger hangs on for a harder frost.

The corn doesn't need warm weather any more than do the printers' coal bins.

Why should a republican be elected this fall? That's a poser for you.

Judging from the way the pure food sleuths are going after farmers for selling bad hen fruit the latter will have to be a little more egg-sact in their line of business.

Funny how some people will hop to anything new that comes to town. The writer has been in Wayne nearly twenty years and while often an "undesirable citizen" to some people we have worked hard, paid our bills, invariably spent all our money at home--while nine-tenths of the "good people" invariably spent theirs in Sioux City--dug up more money to help along public undertakings than men who reaped fifty times the benefit that could accrue to the Democrat, paid taxes where others dodged them, sang the praises of many who should have been cussed, and yet, if we were to try some of the printing grafts successfully worked by strangers, there would be a string of 288 hung up for we "uns. After all, it pays to be a tightwad. You do the work and spend your good money to help plant an institution, and the new man comes along and is handed the fruit of your enterprise and sacrificed. Some man with a kicking machine can get a contract for a long-time job at this office.

Taft and Roosevelt have "talked it over," and reports are to the effect that Taft stands pat--but he will make a divy on the spoils.

Mayor Gaynor of New York will be THE nominee for president in 1912.

No, we don't care who's elected governor nor who is elected justice of the peace in Wayne precinct, but to insure a quietus to Burkett we must elect P. H. Kohl and Henry Barrels to the legislature, and give the rest of the states to understand that the people of Nebraska are not becoming illiterate and losing out on ordinary horse sense.

This is a five Thursday month. The country publishers' long suit, and five copies of the by dads for the price of four to our readers.

It is probably the foresight that the whole dumb country is going hell-bent democratic that sticks in the craws of the Commoner editors.

The corn has certainly been getting ready for the big show the past week.

The extent of the circulation of a paper does not appeal to some advertisers nearly so strong as their prejudice does.

President Taft has declined an invitation to go up in a balloon, but he's going up anyway, and what a fall he will have, oh, my countrymen!

The very best and biggest advertisement Wayne ever had or can have will be that grand display of printers' ink Wayne business men are making in the local papers. No one can pick up a Wayne paper, away from Wayne, without passing remarks upon Wayne being a live town full of hustling business men. If the merchants would go one step farther and combine to do all their trading at home--instead of Sioux City--we would have the best city in the nation.

Talking about advertising you never see a neater lot of artistic ads than the Democrat is putting up for local merchants. By dad, they can't be beat anywhere, considering the facilities and materials we have to work with as compared to city print shops.

We are a little late getting this item into print, but the absolute truth of the incident obliterates the staleness of it. A well-to-do but indifferently costumed Wayne business man stood at the Capital corner early one morning, dreaming about where and when the next "marning" was coming from, when a dust-thirsty hobo slipped off a passing freight and approaching the modest looking possessor of much wealth asked for the loan of a dime with which to buy a bite to eat. "The devil you say!" very angrily exclaimed the solicited, "can't you see that I'm working this side of the street. You just get over on the other side." And the mendicant crossed over to the Philleo corner and proceeded to beg, keeping a covert watch on his business pal as they tramped up the street.

After hearing from Minnesota Burkett and Boyd might as well decide to stay at home. There simply isn't going to be any national administration--of the kind they are at all interested in.

Somebody was asking the other day who the meanest man in town is? The trouble is he isn't a man at all. Simply a cur.

Notice to Square-Up.

We most earnestly request all our former patrons, who were in debt to our store when we went out of business, to settle up accounts at once. We must and will get all accounts promptly liquidated and extra expense will be avoided by your immediate attention to this notice. FURCHNER DUERIG & CO.



See Our New Fall Suits and Coats

See Our Grand Millinery Display

Largest Display of Hats
Ever Shown in Wayne

We are headquarters for

Boys' and Girls' School Shoes

The kind that wear and fit

See Our New Fall Suits and Coats

Our new line of shoes
for Ladies and Men
Are in. They are Beauties



[Given Free With Merchandise]

Jeffries Shoe Co.

Mrs. Mines' S. S. Class will sell home made candies at Epler's store, Saturday afternoon, Sept. 24. There will also be a limited supply of bread and cake.

Dentist Mullen of Bloomfield was in Wayne yesterday on his way home from Norfolk and stated that Talcott had Wiltsie already beat for the state senate in that district. We hate to see George defeated but it will be all right if a democrat can do it.

Miss Clair Coleman left Sunday for Dixon, where she takes a position in the Dixon school in the primary work.

Mrs. Spears is visiting at Des Moines, Ia., this week.

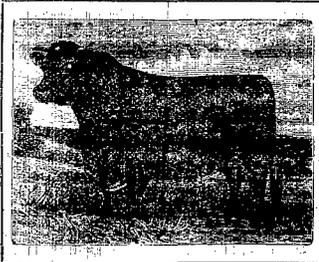
Dr. Neilen of Bloomfield was the guest of Rev. Wm. Kearns between trains Tuesday.

Henry Rehder was here from Creighton yesterday.

P. G. James and Jos. McCoun were passengers to Sioux City yesterday.

Mrs. John Kelleher of Tilden, visited the past week with Mrs. John Coleman and Wayne friends.

W. M. Lessman's Dispersion Sale 50 Registered SHORTHORNS 50



At Wayne, Nebraska Wednesday, October 5, 1910

SALE COMMENCES AT ONE O'CLOCK P. M.

As I have decided to quit farming, I will on the above date offer my entire herd of choice Shorthorns, including good milk cows; in fact, as good Shorthorn cattle as ever seen at any time in the sale ring in Wayne. My herd includes twelve bulls, thirty-eight head of cows, heifers and calves of the very best families of the breed.

Col. Geo. P. Bellows Auctioneer
Wm. Lessman OWNER

Rev. Kirkpatrick to Norfolk.

The M. E. conference at Fullerton was completed Monday and considerable surprise over the fact that Rev. Kirkpatrick has been transferred from Wayne to Norfolk, Rev. Gorst, who filled the pulpit here twenty years ago, being assigned to Wayne. The appointments for the Norfolk district are as follows: Allen, O. W. Rummel; Beemer, E. T. Hanson; Belden and Sholes, J. G. Galloway; Bloomfield, A. W. Ahrend; Carroll, R. F. Shacklock. Central circuit, J. J. Temple, Creston, B. E. Conwell; Dakota City, W. R. Warren; Dixon, William Dornwall; Hartington; G. E. Von Hagen; Homer, J. L. Phillips; Laurel, H. G. Langley; Lyons, A. S. Buell; Madison, Frank Grulliner; Newcastle circuit to be supplied; Norfolk, A. W. Kirkpatrick (from Wayne); Pender and Thurston, H. M. St. Louis; Pilger, Don P. Rodes; Randolph, John P. Gost; Stanton, J. F. Poucher; South Sioux City, J. H. Smith; Wakefield, E. E. Shaffer; Wausa, A. G. Fowler; Wayne, William Gorst; Winslow, Amos Spencer; Wisner, L. V. Slocum.

Jas. Shorten Passes Away.

The sudden death of Jas Shorten last Monday evening was a shock to his friends as well as relatives. The old gentleman had been apparently feeling well until about eight o'clock when he complained of pains in his stomach. Members of the family called for help and Herman Mildner, who resides across the street from the Shorten home ran over and helped the old gentleman to a couch when he gasped a few times and was dead. Messages were at once sent to relatives and the funeral arranged for 3:00 o'clock this afternoon from the Presbyterian church, Rev. Corkey officiating. Two or three years ago Mr. Shorten was in poor health but of late had looked much better. Deceased was an excellent neighbor, friend, and always a gentleman. The Democrat had known him for a good many years, and he was always the same kindly old man. He was past 82 years at the time of his death.

A Long, Slim, Fat Man.

(Scottsbluff Star, rep.) In Nebraska the state of affairs is divided. The republican candidate for governor is a true progressive and the rest of the state ticket is free from objection. But they are handicapped unfortunately by the republican candidate for United States senator, who is of a pure standpat strain and who is doomed to certain defeat. Even Mr. Burkett himself is apparently beginning to make out the handwriting on the wall and has been classifying himself of late as a "progressive conservative." As nearly as we can make out the term, this means about the same as a white blackbird or a live corpse or a long, slim fat man.

LAND.

If you are interested in a HOME we want you to write us. There are a few free Government homesteads left but they have been picked over and are quite a ways from town. We have several fine, cheap, relinquishments, both in Dakota and Nebraska. Over 600 hundred homesteads have been taken here in the last two years so you can see that this is to be a genuine farming country in the very near future. We raise Oats, 25 to 50 bu.; Wheat, 20 to 30 bu.; Rye, 30 to 50 bu.; Speltz, 30 to 40 bu.; Corn, 25 to 45 bu.; and Flax, 10 to 20 bu. Our Alfalfa is second to none in quality and yield. Small Fruit of all kinds yields enormously. We also raise large fruit. Potatoes yield from 150 to 300 bu. per acre. We do not irrigate and although this has been a dry year we have raised some fair crops. The average rainfall for the past five years, this year excepted, is 26 inches. Write us, we will be glad to give you all the information at our command.

STOOPS & DRENNAN

REAL ESTATE
Fall River Co. Ardmore, S. D.
Or, call on our special agent for further particulars.
ALBERT P. C. BASTIAN

homestead number 45, and having just proved up on his claim after a residence of 14 months. The day he proved up Mr. Beghtol was offered \$50 per acre for his quarter.
Geo. Mellor was a visitor from Iowa the past week.
Bargains every day, and special bargains every Saturday at Wayne Variety Store.
Mr. and Mrs. Fred Thompson arrived from Westington, S. D., to attend the funeral of her grandfather.

D. A. Jones has commenced the erection of a big barn on his farm west of town to take the place of the one burned down.
H. B. Shook left yesterday morning for Canton, Ohio, to attend the funeral of his father, J. J. Shook, who was past 83 years of age at the time of his demise. Van Bradford will have charge of the cemetery during Sexton Shook's absence.
A member of the John Davies family, a little girl twelve years old, is sick with spinal paralysis, at Hubbard where she has been attending school. Mrs. Davies is there from North Dakota to care for the patient, the little girl now recovering somewhat but partly paralyzed.

Local News

For Sale.—A homestead relinquishment in N. E. Colorado, for \$100.
F. L. GRAVES.

Mr. and Mrs. June Conger went to Sioux City Tuesday afternoon to attend the fair.

Will Lessman is going to sell all his Shorthorn cattle Oct. 5th to quit farming and enter other business.

FOR SALE—Cheap, entire Shetland pony outfit; pony, cart, harness, saddle, etc. Call at First National bank.

Ernest Busch of near Carroll left Tuesday for Saskatchewan, Canada, to look after his farms in that country.

Mr. and Mrs. John Wolcott of Yorkville, Ill., have been guests at the home of their daughter, Mrs. Ray Reynolds, the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Duensing of Crete, Ill., were guests of Gus Walters the past week, Mr. Duensing being an uncle of Mr. Walters.

Mrs. J. S. Cheney of Mead, Neb., and Mrs. Frank Bieseker from Mondov, Wis., sister and aunt of the Adams brothers, were arrivals last Monday.

Geo Bush went to Chicago with two cars, 32 head, of probably the best cattle ever shipped out of Wayne last Tuesday. One animal was weighed alone and showed 2015 pounds of corn-fed beef.

Albert Bastian and wife leave Saturday for Fall River county, S. D., where Mrs. Bastian will take a claim under the desert act, Mr. Bastian having filed for one a few weeks ago. Stoops & Drennan of Ardmore, S. D., are the locating agents.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Methodist church will hold their regular business meeting in the church parlors, Thursday afternoon, September 29 at 3 o'clock. A ten cent lunch will be served by Mesdames Craven, Culler, Reynolds, Craven and Cherry.

The Civic Federation of ladies clubs held a meeting Tuesday and turned over to the city library board all the books, furniture and money on hand, the latter amount being \$211, \$127 lot fund and \$94 for library expenses. Mrs. Hamer Wilson was secretary of the old federation.

A record-breaking crowd went to Sioux City yesterday, Messrs and Mesdames A. R. Davies, Dr. Blair, Ed. Johnson, Art Norton, Chas. Reynolds, Herman Lundberg, C. E. Liveringhouse and Messrs Alex Holtz, E. F. Feather, Robt. Baird, J. M. Barrett, John Liveringhouse and ninety-nine others.
Mrs. S. K. Beghtol, a cousin of Mrs. John Hufford, visited here the past week, leaving Tuesday for her home at Lincoln. Mr. Beghtol was one of the lucky winners in the Tripp county opening, having number 47, and drawing

Opera House Sept. 30

"A Pair of Pinks"

The Funniest Show on the Road
Prices: 25-35-50c

The Democratic voters of the county are requested to meet at the regular voting places in the different precincts of the county on Thursday evening, September 22, 1910 at 8.00 o'clock, for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for the precinct offices, and for the transaction of any other business that may properly come before the caucus.

J. H. Massie, Chairman
Chas. W. Reynolds, Sec'y
County Central Committee.

Notice of Application for Saloon License.

Notice is hereby given that A. N. Stodden has filed with the Village Clerk of Carroll, Wayne County, Nebraska, a petition signed by thirty (30) resident freeholders of the Village of Carroll, asking for license to sell malt, spirits and various liquors in his place of business in and on lot No. 7, block 7, in the village of Carroll, Nebraska, for the balance of the fiscal year beginning on the first Tuesday in May, 1910.
Any objections or remonstrances against the granting of said license must be filed in writing with the clerk of said village of Carroll, Nebraska.
LUCIAN CARTER, Village Clerk.

Notice to Square-Up.

All parties knowing themselves to be indebted to the old firm of Furchner, Duërig & Co. are hereby notified to call and settle accounts immediately and oblige FURCHNER DUERIG & CO.

Duroc Jerseys For Sale.

Several choice Duroc Jersey boar pigs for sale. Call or address me at farm ten miles west of Pender.
11-15 G. W. BUSKIRK.

Craven & Welch carry McCormick Harvesters, Mowers, Hay rakes, Bettendorfs and Weber wagons. Repairs for above. CRAVEN & WELCH.

For Sale or Trade

For good horses—House and lot three blocks east, 2 north of M. E. church.
R. F. D. S. OSCAR A. LEWIS

We Reach for the dollars of the fair sex as well as those of the business man. It has been our experience that the women are in many instances as shrewd investors as the men. Our Bank likes to help them in their struggles for independence.
Accounts Solicited
From those who are not already depositors. See our annual statement for the good showing our institution makes. We have money to loan on first-class security.
The First National Bank
oldest bank in Wayne Co. Wayne, Neb.

Probate Notice to Creditors.

In the County Court of Wayne County, Nebraska. In the matter of the Estate of Adam Grieg, deceased.
Notice is hereby given, that the creditors of the said deceased will meet the Executor of said estate, before me, County Judge of Wayne County, Nebraska, at the County Court Room in said county, on the 3d day of October, 1910, and on the 3d day of April, 1911, at 10 o'clock a. m. each day, for the purpose of presenting their claims for examination, adjustment and allowance. Six months are allowed for creditors to present their claims and one year for the Executor to settle said estate, from the 3d day of October, 1910. This notice will be published in the Nebraska Democrat for three weeks successively prior to the 3d day of October, 1910.
Witness my hand and seal of said court, this 9th day of September, 1910.
JAMES BRITTON,
County Judge.

Probate Notice To Creditors.

In the County Court of Wayne County, Nebraska. In the matter of the Estate of Gertrude N. Martin, deceased.
Notice is hereby given, that the creditors of the said deceased will meet the administrator of said estate, before me, County Judge of Wayne County, Nebraska, at the County Court Room in said county, on the 26th day of September, 1910, and on the 27th day of March, 1911, at 10 o'clock a. m., each day for the purpose of presenting their claims for examination, adjustment and allowance. Six months are allowed for creditors to present their claims and one year for the administrator to settle said estate, from the 26th day of September, 1910. This notice will be published in the Nebraska Democrat for three weeks successively prior to the 26th day of September, 1910.
Witness my hand and seal of said court, this 6th day of September, 1910.
JAMES BRITTON,
County Judge.

Does It Pay?

Oats have not been profitable for several years, and yet it is necessary to sow some kind of small grain in this section to rotate crops. Why not raise more wheat, especially spring wheat? Wheat has produced good results, paying handsomely, yielding from 15 to 25 bushels per acre. It's right around the dollar mark. This part of Nebraska has produced this season as good wheat as they raise in the northern states. Why not raise more wheat if it pays? We will clean your seed wheat for you free of charge. We buy wheat according to quality, grading all wheat after dumping into elevator. If you bring good, sound, clean wheat you get more money per bushel for it than you get for shriveled, smutty, dirty wheat. In other words, you get well paid for spending a little more time and labor in preparing your soil before sowing your wheat and seeing that it is well covered after seeding. We do not dump all the wheat into one bin, but keep the cream of the wheat for milling. That's WHY our Flour is A-No. 1. For sale by all Wayne merchants.

SUPERLATIVE \$1.70
SNOW FLAKE \$1.45

Weber Brothers

GREAT SALE NOW ON

... AT THE ...

German Store

—ON—

New and Fashionable Fall Styles of Ladies' Coats and Cloaks

The very best of the 1910 Fall models at lower prices than you will find them elsewhere. Come in early and get first choice.

Produce Buys As Much As The Cold Cash

Furchner, Warner & Co

THE GERMAN STORE

Paint!

We Can Save You 25 Cents per Gallon ON YOUR PAINT

PAINT YOUR BUILDING THIS FALL AND SAVE MONEY

ASK FOR THE Monarch 100% Pure Paint

FOR SALE AT

Leahy's Drug Store

WE CARRY ALL COLORS IN ALABASTINE

PHONE 143 J. T. LEAHY

One Door South of Shoe Store

... Wayne State Normal ...

Opens Sept. 19th

Under State Management

TUITION FREE

For further information address

U. S. CONN, President, Wayne, Nebr.



AS A MATTER OF FACT

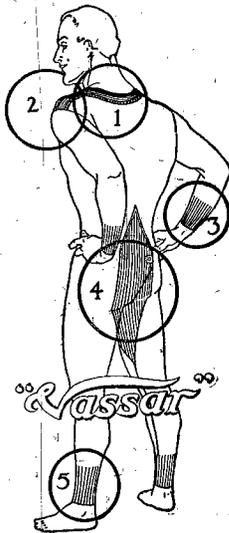
Cold weather usually catches you napping, doesn't it? You awake some morning to find winter upon you and, because you have neglected to lay in your stock of heavier clothing, you are subjected to a deal of discomfort, and to exposure which may terminate in a serious illness, or worse

Now Is the Time to Buy

Our entire fall stock is new, having been recently received, and you will find it much more satisfactory to make your purchases before the different lines have been picked over.

One Thing To Be Considered

Is your winter suit? We carry a full line of snappy, ready to wear garments, all great values, and each one bearing a label which is within itself a quality pledge. Our MADE-TO-MEASURE SUITS are something of a hobby with us. They have given such universal satisfaction that they have become one of our best advertising mediums. Every suit sells others for us. Do you wonder we are enthusiastic about them? Try one of our MADE-TO-MEASURE SUITS--they are backed by the tailor's as well as our personal guarantee.



The Staley Line

of under clothing is so universally known that it is unnecessary for us to say much about it. Everyone knows about the fit and quality of these goods. Another line which is just as famous for all the qualities which go to make good undergarments is the VASSAR. The Vassar line of men's union suits runs a little lighter in weight than the Staley goods, so whatever your wants may be they may be met with something in our extensive stock.

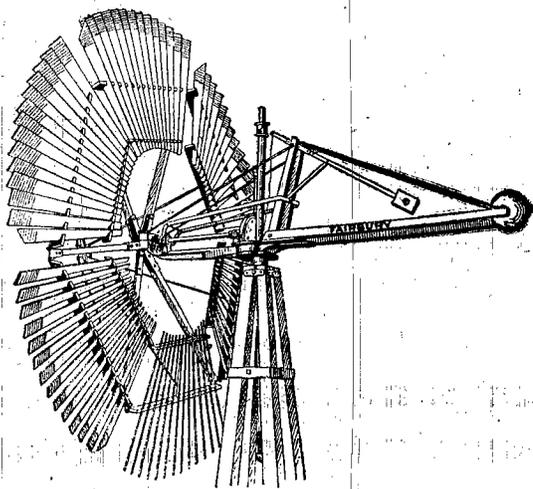
NOW Are you going to disregard this little reminder and allow the first cold wave to "slip up on you" or are you going to "obey that impulse" and do your shopping early?

KATE'S

ONE PRICE OUTFITTERS FOR MEN AND BOYS.

Our fall and winter stock of hats, neckwear, shoes, hosiery, collars, shirts and gloves is complete and new. There never has been a time when more snap and style was shown in these lines. Let us fit you out.

THE FAIRBURY



We now have one of the Best Experienced Well Men in Wayne county and are able to take care of all work entrusted to us.

We are handling the Fairbury windmill, one of the best manufactured and guaranteed to please you. If in need of a mill we request you to come and examine this make.

C. W. HISCOX

WAYNE, NEBRASKA

Wayne County Commissioners are Pinched.

Scare a Stanton County Farmer "To Death."

NO NUMBER WORSE THAN "23"

While nearing Stanton Tuesday forenoon, with John Kay as chauffeur, County Commissioners Stanton, Farran and Anderson, and County Attorney A. B. Davis, had a peculiar accident that left scars on the county dads they will not soon forget. A man was seen walking the road, going in the same direction as the Wayne car. Chauffeur Kay looked and tooted but the pedestrian refused to even turn his head. Members of the party advised Kay to slow up, but instead he shot around the obstinate individual, and all eyes being on the apparent road-hog a culvert was unnoticed and when the car struck the end of the plank the occupants went up like Taft when he heard from Tawney. A top over the auto was all that stopped the flyers from making a balloon ascension, Messrs Stanton and Anderson hitting the ribs in the covering face foremost, with all the emphasis on their physiognomies. Both were badly disfigured, eyes blackened and Mr. Anderson about having the bridge of his nose broken. The cause of all the trouble was also badly wounded. He proved to be a deaf man, but was full of vengeance. As the car passed him he jumped in great fright and with his right hand grabbed at the blade of a sharp corn knife he was carrying under his left arm, getting a deep gash across the palm of the hand that did not know what the other hand was doing. But this was not the worst of the adventure. Arriving in Stanton the irate tiller of the soil had the whole party placed under arrest for running an auto without a number on it, for had it been properly figured his hind-sight would have performed the service his deficient hearing failed to do. The county dads and chauffeur were all assessed a fine of \$5 each, but the Stanton county commissioners, with whom our board went to confer on road matters, paid the fiddler, and all our worthy representatives lost were some patches of skin and that came home decorating the top of the auto.

Lightning Striks the Will Fisher Residence.

Lots of Wayne people thought their time had come this morning, about 8:40, when a terrific clap of thunder fairly rattled the window panes and made ones flesh creep. A few moments later a fire alarm was turned in from the Will Fisher residence a block north of the M. E. church. The whole department turned out but the fire was extinguished without the city's aid. The electric bolt hit the corner of the house, went down a partition, which it set on fire, and slipped away on the water pipes. A little girl, standing near the water pipes, was severely shocked and quite sick after the experience.

Pleasant Vale.

John Krei, one of our thrifty young farmers of this vicinity, returned Friday from a week's vacation at Sioux Falls, S. D., where he was married to Miss Minnie Kean, who comes well recommended. We wish them both a long and happy life.

Earl Grandquist has just completed a new granary for True, Prescott at the E. W. Steele place.

The "Straight Twins" were visitors at the Steele home Saturday and Sunday.

Cliff Straight and Alma Straight, Grace Steple and Anton Grandquist, were callers at the Tom Elson home Sunday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. John Krei attended the missionfest at the German church northeast of Wayne Sunday.

Laurence Brown shelled corn for Will Dammie the past week.

On Wednesday, Sept. 21, at the bride's home at high noon, occurred the marriage of Miss Lizzie Miles to Mr. George Thompson, Rev. S. A. Drais officiating. Both of these young people are well and favorably known and we wish them much success and happiness along the pathways of life.

Miss Bernice Beebe was a Sunday visitor at Gene Gildersleeve's.

George Steele says he has one of the best boys at his house, "what is."

Owing to the shortage of hay many people are now cutting corn for winter feed.

The threshing machines are starting in on their final windup and the sound of the rubbins on the bang board is not far off.

How many miles to the state of matrimony? "Lizzie Miles" says George Thompson.

Mr. and Mrs. John Krei, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Gamble were visitors at Sioux City Thursday.

Wayne Brown was an arrival home Tuesday night from Dakota. He stopped at the Interstate Fair on his way home.

After this boys, you hadn't better wait until 4 o'clock in the morning to come to the charivari, for if you do you may not get to see the bride. This is what happened at John Krei's Sunday morning.

Spinal paralysis is fairly paralyzing communities in western Iowa. It will be just as well to leave your little ones at home when you go to Sioux City where the disease is also prevalent.

This weather is hardly fair to the Sioux City fair, but it may leave some surplus spondulix at home that otherwise would go to the fake shows on midway.

The Column That Saves you MONEY

Blankets

These cool night reminds you of those cotton and wool blankets which you must buy. We have a big lot of them in all colors and sizes. We call your attention to a 12-4 wool finish blanket (just as good as the woolen blanket) at a special price of \$3.00 PER PAIR.

Clothing

We still have a few men's and boy's winter suits left which we will sell for less than cost price. Also a few overcoats. These are all good, new styles. Don't fail to look them over.

Sweater Coats

Big assortment of sweater coats for children, ladies and men. All new colors. \$1.00 to \$4.00

Shoes

Have you tried a pair of those Hard Knock shoes for boys and girls? They cost no more than other shoes but wear twice as long.

Groceries

We want you to try some of our Ivy Wreath and Co-operative Canned Goods. We guarantee these goods to be the best money can buy and they taste like the kind you put up at home. We carry everything in vegetables and fruits in these brands. Special prices in dozen lots.

Bring us your Poultry, Butter and Eggs

J. G. Miller & Co.

Public Sale of... Household Goods

SATURDAY OCTOBER 1, 1910

at 2:30 P. M.

Four bed room suits complete, four extra dressers, several good rocking chairs, two secretaries, Library tables, Kitchen tables and other articles of furniture too numerous to mention. This furniture is in first-class condition.

Sale to be held on vacant lot west of meat market unless day is stormy when sale will be held in store room recently vacated by C. R. Witter.

Mrs. J. M. Pile

Clyde Oman, Auctioneer.

New State Normal Opens.

The Normal school at Wayne, Nebraska, opened as a state school on Monday, September 19, and all students who reached Wayne on registration day were classified and ready to begin work on Tuesday morning. It is too early in the term to estimate what the attendance will be, but the enrollment to date is all that could be expected, and President Conn expresses himself as being well pleased with the outlook for the future of the school. The registration list of the first day's enrollment shows students from the following counties of Nebraska: Antelope, Boyd, Burt, Cedar, Colfax, Cumming, Dixon, Knox, Madison, Pierce, Platte, Washington and Wayne; also three students from Union county, S. D., and one from Dubuque county, Iowa.

The course of study outlined in a recent bulletin of the school provides for two full years of college work in advance of that offered in strong four-year high schools. High school graduates with 30 credit points enter the Junior year of the Normal school and complete the advanced course in two years. Five young men and young women who have completed the work of the Wayne public schools registered in the Normal school last Monday and will be members of the class of 1912.

In addition to the advanced work, classes have been organized in nearly all of the common branch subjects. Several students now in attendance are taking work in review, preparatory for passing the state examination for a teachers' certificate. The work starts with excellent classes in arithmetic, grammar, penmanship, orthography, reading, drawing, English composition, bookkeeping, U. S. history, geography, and theory and art of teaching. Students who desire to prepare for a first grade county certificate will find classes this semester in algebra, botany, physics and geometry.

The school is splendidly equipped to offer strong courses in advanced work, and the course leading to the life professional certificate will be made a strong feature. New classes have already been organized to meet calls being made by students for advanced elective work. Professor Bright of the department of mathematics finds it necessary to form a class in trigonometry, and this subject will be offered both semesters instead of only the second semester as was originally planned.

In the department of English the work includes advanced writing and speaking, a class in American literature and a class in Shakespeare. The class in writing and speaking is having an enjoyable time studying the masterpieces of modern oratory. This class will not be content with mere reading of text. It is studying the psychology of public speaking, analyzing the conditions that obtain in public assemblages, and before the close of the semester the members will compete publicly for a prize in oratory.

In the Latin department the work starts with good classes in beginning Latin, Caesar and Vergil. In the department of German, three classes in German have been organized, and now requests are coming to Miss Kingsbury to offer a course in French.

The department of education offers for the first semester courses in general psychology, and in general method or teaching. There is a comparatively large number enrolled in each course. Not only the quantity but the quality is good, for some of the students in this department are teachers and principals of considerable experience. Everything points to strong work from the beginning.

The Model School opens Monday, Sept. 26, with Miss Edith Stocking in charge of first and second grades, while Miss Rachel Fairchild directs the work in the fifth and seventh grades. There is thus represented in the Model School a typical grade of each of the three divisions of the elementary school. The Ward Building near the Normal School, which is in good repair and an ideal location, will be used. The rooms have been thoroughly cleaned and furnished with new seats. Everything has been made pleasant and attractive, and the school offers an excellent opportunity for observation work.

President Conn reports that the interest manifested in the work of the school by the people of northeast Nebraska is very gratifying. Even at this early date letters have been received from persons who hold responsible positions in leading high schools, making inquiry concerning the work offered at Wayne, and planning to enter the summer term and do credit work toward the completion of the advanced course. Some expect to carry several hours' work during the year while looking after the interests of their own school, to be taken as work in absentia, then enter at a later date and complete their course by residence study. One or two principals living in the vicinity of Wayne will spend Saturdays at the Normal School and in this way work toward the completion of a higher course.

It is the belief of President Conn and his faculty that the Normal school should be made of the largest possible benefit to the people of the state, and in pursuance of this plan courses will be offered, meeting at such hours as are convenient to those interested in the work. Some have asked for special work in literature. Should a sufficient number express a desire to join this class, Prof. House has offered to arrange the work, giving it at such time as will be convenient to all. The author studied will be Browning, perhaps the greatest life poet since Shakespeare. Special work will also be arranged in other departments of the school. For complete information in regard to the work of the school write to President U. S. Conn, Wayne, Neb.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

George Thompson, a prominent young farmer south of town, son of the late Wm. Thompson, was married Wednesday to Miss Elizabeth Miles, at high noon.

The little Dornberger girl who was not expected to live first of the week is now some better and may recover. The child's father, Jake Dornberger, was looked for yesterday from California but will probably arrive today.

R. Philleo left this morning for Ashton, Idaho.

The baseball management quit business with a surplus in the treasury, so Secretary Hufford states.

If the city authorities will only turn on the electricity at six a. m. instead of seven a. m., busy people will be able to see to say grace in the mornings.

Henry Bartels says he visited Ed. Carroll at the hospital in Sioux City yesterday and found the patient with that good old grin on his face and looking more like his old self. Ed. is much better and will be "cured" in two weeks more from the hospital. He is waited upon by his daughter Maggie and also by his son.

The sports went to Sioux City this morning despite the heavy rainfall and a day indoors. There was Billy Blacke, Jim Stanton, R. P. Williams, H. B. Booster, Harry Barnett, Bill Hogewood's Charley, Bev. Strahan, George Harder, Joe Atkins and John Lewis.

The iron door step to Melster & Bluechel's became charged with electricity in some manner and there was all kinds of sport with the uninitiated. Sam Davies had an umbrella in his hand when he was called in, and the newsman about dropped in fright when the umbrella commenced to dance.

\$500.00 Reward

Will be paid by the firm of Clasen & Nelson Bros. (cement Block Manufacture and General Contractors for information leading to the arrest and conviction of party or parties who on the night of Sept. 16, 1910, attempted to destroy our buildings by fire, which was started in our stock room.

And hereafter any one loitering about the building or premises after working hours, not having business with the firm or member of the firm, will do so at their own risk as we will not be responsible for the consequences, or what might happen to any such.

Clasen & Nelson Bros.

Stationary Engine Runs Away.

A belt on the governor of the engine at the city power house broke yesterday and the engine ran away and about burned out all the "fuses" in town. The day engineer was so scared over the mishap that he couldn't shut the engine off. At the Misses Van Gilder's millinery store the wires set fire to the building, after the lights exploded, and an alarm was turned in, but before the dray teams got to the hose house Howard Whalen had the fire out by pulling down the wires, in doing which he severely burned his hand. Had he taken both hands he would have been charged with something else. Upon going to the hose house it was found that the interior of that building was afire from the same cause.

Winside News.

From the Tribune.

Mrs. H. E. Siman went to Laurel Thursday.

C. E. Shaw was a Sioux City visitor Friday.

Mrs. L. S. Needham was a passenger for Sioux City Friday, returning Sunday night.

Clyde Ecker went to Sioux City Sunday afternoon, returning Tuesday.

H. G. McClusky was in town Wednesday.

A. E. Lookies has sold out his restaurant business to Mrs. Bakter. Mr. Lookies expects to go to Canada.

Victor Siman left for Valparaiso, Ind., Sunday afternoon.

La Vere Carter of Sioux City was the guest of his father, A. H., the last of the week.

Bargains every day, and special bargains every Saturday at Wayne Variety Store.

Friday night about twenty of the local K of P's with their wives and sweethearts were the perpetrators of a pleasant surprise on Sam Reed. An elegant 8 o'clock dinner was served and at eleven o'clock when the party broke up all were satisfied that Mr. and Mrs. Reed were royal entertainers.

Advertised Letter List.

Letter	Erik Ander
	Miss Lena Larson
	Wayne Sweet
	Moses Williams
Card	Minnie Braunschworth
	Miss Blanche Foreman
	Miss Jennie Jones
	Lena Larsen
	C. L. Littell
	Claus Thumberg
	Jessie Vinn
	Loren Washburn
	W. H. McNeal P. M.

For Rent.

Two farms, 2 3/4 miles from Ashton, Idaho. Inquire of DAN HARRINGTON.

The Democratic voters of the county are requested to meet at the regular voting places in the different precincts of the county on Thursday evening, September 22, 1910 at 8.00 o'clock, for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for the precinct offices, and for the transaction of any other business that may properly come before the caucus.

J. H. Massie, Chairman.
Clas, W. Reynolds, Sec'y.
County Central Committee.

AGENTS WANTED!

To Take Subscriptions and Write for the

NEBRASKA DEMOCRAT

FIFTY CENTS Per Column

Will be paid for Real, Live Rural, Correspondence

An Agent's Commission of 50 Cents

Per Subscription Of \$1.50 Per Year, in Advance, FOR ALL NEW SUBSCRIPTIONS

GET BUSY NOW

Read Me Carefully. 1910 Price List

FRANK KRUGER

Wholesale Dealer in Imported and Fine California Wines, Brandies and Kentucky Whiskies
Telephone: Auto 1347; Iowa 851 313-315 Fifth St
Sioux City, Iowa.

Special Offer

With a cash order of \$10 for Whiskies, Brandy, Cordial, Rum, Gin, Kuemmel, I will send you one gallon of any California Wine with your order "FREE GRATIS."
Money may be sent me by bank draft, postoffice or express money order or postal note.
My prices, as quoted, include jugs, boxes and cartage.

Straight Bourbon Whiskies.		Pure Food Wines Bottled In California.	
Atherton, 5 years old, Gal. Case, \$8.00 \$11.00		California Claret, Per Case, 12 Bottles, \$ 5.00	
Atherton, 7 years old, 4.00 12.00		California Zinfandel, 5.25	
Atherton, 10 years old, 4.00 13.50		California Bergundy Type, 6.00	
Sunny Brook, 5 yrs old, 3.00 11.00		California Cabernet Type, 6.50	
Sunny Brook, 7 yrs old, 3.50 12.50		California Riesling, 5.50	
Sunny Brook, 10 yrs old, 4.50 14.00		California Sauternes Type, 6.50	
Old Crow, 5 years old, 3.50 14.00		California Port, 5.00	
Old Crow, 7 years old, 4.50 15.00		California Sherry, 5.00	
Old Crow, 10 years old, 6.00 16.50		California Muscat, 5.00	

Straight Rye Whiskies		Gin	
Clarke's, 5 years old, \$3.00 \$11.00		Gagosa Gin, \$2.50	
Clarke's, 7 years old, 3.50 11.50		Holland Type, Gin, 3.00	
Guckenheimer, 5 yrs old, 3.00 11.00		London Type, Gin, 3.00	
" " " " 3.25 11.50			
" " " " 4.00 13.00			
Fiuch's Golden Wedding, 5 years old, 3.00 11.00			
Same, 7 years old, 4.00 12.00			
Sherwood Rye, 5 year old, 3.50			
" " " " 4.50			

Rock and Rye		Keummel	
Rock and Rye, O, \$2.50 \$8.00		Berliner Getreide, \$2.25	
Rock and Rye, OO, 3.00 9.50		Doppel Kuemmel, 2.50	
Rock and Rye, OOO, 3.50 10.00			
(Case contains 12 bottles of above.)			

Bitters		Bottled Beer--Inter-State Brewing Co's.	
Hamburger Bitters, \$2.50		Nulife Beer, per case, \$3.50	
Nulife Bitters, 2.50		Nulife Beer, per case, 6 doz. bottles or 10 doz. small bot. 9.50	

Brandies		Fred Miller Brewing Co's. Milwaukee Beer	
Grape, Calif, 5 years old, \$3.00 \$9.50		Milwaukee Beer, per case, \$4.00	
" " " " 7 " " 3.50 10.50		Per case of 6 doz. large bottles or 10 doz. small bottle 10.00	
" " " " 10 " " 4.00 12.50		Rebate for empty case and bot. 1.25	
Black'by Brandy Cordial, O 1.50		Rebate for empty case and bot 3.00	
" " " " OO 2.00			
Pure Blackberry Juice, 3.00			

Cordials		Inter-State Brewing Co's. Nutionic Malt	
Apricot Brandy Cordial, \$2.50		Per Case, 25 bottles, \$ 3.00	
Apricot Brandy Cordial, 3.00		Per Case, 100 bottles, 10.00	
Orange, 3.00			
Peach, 3.00			

I beg to inform my patrons that I shall put up any assortment of wine or other liquor wished for and will only charge the same price as you will find quoted for the whole case. You can have twelve different kinds of wine, twelve different kinds of liquor, or twelve different kinds of wine and liquor in one case, as you desire.

My Method of Doing Business

I BUY in very large quantities at lowest prices for spot cash direct from the Distillers and Producers.
I SELL BY MAIL at WHOLESALE PRICES to consumers.
MY SELLING EXPENSE is very small because I employ no traveling men to solicit business for me. I carry no book accounts, therefore have no losses by bad debts. I cut off all the expensive methods of the old style credit houses and give you the benefit of the saving. Mine is the most economical way of placing Wines and Liquors before the buying public—my price list gets the business for me at the lowest possible expense.
MY GOODS are first-class in every particular and guaranteed to conform with all Pure Food Laws.
MY PRICES are lower than any house in the trade. I understand them all. MY TERMS are F. O. B. Sioux City—Cash with order.
MY GUARANTEE is back of everything I sell—if not satisfactory for any reason, goods may be returned at my expense of freight both ways and your money back.
MY FACILITIES are second to none—we are prompt and careful in the filling of all orders.

REFERENCES: First National Bank.

I Save You Money Send Me Your Orders.

Storz
TRIUMPH BEER
"The most popular beer in the west"
STORZ BREWING CO. If local dealers don't handle, small orders will be filled by Chas. Storz, Omaha, Neb.
OMAHA NEBRASKA

DEMOCRAT PRINTERY:
"The Work That's Different"

Crystal Theatre

Changes Pictures
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays
TWO SHOWS
Evening begins at 7:30
Matinee Saturday at 4:00 p. m.
ILLUSTRATED SONGS
Admission 10c
Best Pictures Money Can Get

Two Estimates Of Taft.

In his speech at Fullerton Friday night Senator Burckett stole a little time from his enthusiastic praise of the Payne-Aldrich tariff to indulge in a eulogy of President Taft. He congratulated Mr. Roosevelt on "his great judgment in his selection of William H. Taft as his successor," thus giving the weight of his sanction to the new doctrine that an American president is "selected," not by the American people, but by the outgoing president. And he praised Mr. Taft as "a constructive statesman" who "combines legal learning, judicial temperament, constructive genius and progressive ideals in sympathy with the work to be done."

It is a refreshing contrast to turn from Senator Burckett's adulation to the stern estimate of Mr. Taft given by the Chicago Record-Herald, a progressive republican newspaper, in an editorial entitled, "The President at the Pie Counter—A Wretched Spectacle."

The World-Herald urges progressive republicans in Nebraska to read this editorial, side by side with Senator Burckett's untempered endorsement, and say for themselves which is nearer the truth. The Record-Herald says: "A most painful impression will be created by the letter which Secretary Norton has written to a republican leader of Iowa to explain the president's actions and purposes with regard to federal patronage."

"It contains the confession that patronage has been withheld from the insurgents 'who seemed to be in opposition to the administration's efforts to carry out the promises of the party platform,' and the intimation that the president has now been whipped into line by insurgent victories and so is willing to divide the spoils. "While the president is befuddling his mind with the question whether patronage is a source of strength or weakness and putting a low value on his bribe even as he offers it, the weakness of this letter is glaringly apparent."

"In the first place, 'republican legislation pending in congress was opposed by certain republicans,' because they believed that it was not carrying out the promises of the republican platform of 1908.

"We might conceive of a great emergency during which plausible excuses could be offered for using the patronage to coerce spoils politicians into the support of some vital principle, but in this case the insurgents went further for principle than the president, who prates of his duty to party and country."

"Mr. Taft was holding back so as to assure himself of the support of the regular machine.

"Expediency was his only possible justification, and as a patronage trader he tied up with reactionaries and exhibited a petty spirit toward those who were trying to put life into the platform. It was small business, and so far as far as he was concerned, a demoralizing and unworthy business for which even a plausible excuse is impossible.

"In the second place, the attempt at coercion failed miserably, and a statesman who had been concerned in it would be glad to forget it now, and would be the last person in the world to advertise it after the failure."

"In the third place, the assurance in the midst of repeated drubbings that the pie counter is now open to all must arouse the contempt of those who have fought for principle and won. "Secretary Norton, for the sake of his own reputation, should have refused to act as agent in the affair. It is as if he had prepared a weapon which the president was determined to use to commit political suicide."

A Home View Of Aldrich.

(O. A. Keith in Havelock Times, rep.) It has been said by Mr. Aldrich that I was resentful from a purely personal motive. Facts that affect public affairs are what count, not personal grievances and imaginations. Butler county is the graveyard of more republican newspapers than any other county in the state. No less than ten or twelve have gone to the bonafire for want of sufficient support to sustain life. Ask Calmer McCune, I believe, of Osceola. A. H. Betzer, I think, of Lincoln. Mr. Butler of the Nebraska Legal News, the patron saint of prohibition (2), Mr. Wolfenberger, and the writer what become of their efforts in this direction in Butler county. Mr. Aldrich's statement in Havelock that I had tried to

borrow \$500 of him for a newspaper adventure is purely false. At a time when there were nine opposition papers and not one republican paper in Butler county, I undertook the publication of a republican paper at David City. Mr. Aldrich not only refused his support, but did all he could to prevent his "faction" from bestowing any assistance. After several solicitations to join hands he persistently refused; he would rather be a faction with no representation than a factor with.

That fall we nominated a republican ticket. Ike West, the nominee for sheriff, was as fine a man as ever lived. We also nominated three candidates of Bohemian nationality, all gentlemen, educated and qualified. Within thirty minutes after the nominations were made Mr. Aldrich said to the writer, "It will be no use to make any effort for West; he can't be elected." He also said: "There are too many d--d dogon Bohemians sons of billy goats (or words to that effect) on the ticket," and it could not be elected. He would not support the only republican paper in the county, he would not support his own county ticket, and as I have remarked before, he has always been a lead to his own local party, and now he wants to be governor. He wants all the Bohemians or any other kind of votes he can get—he'll need 'em.

Is this the kind of a man the republicans want for governor? Let the democrats have it and bear the blame until the republicans can get something of stability to pin their faith to. Mr. William Husenetter, the new chairman of the republican state central committee, an honest, able, life long, unwavering republican, a gentleman of whom I shall have something more favorable to say, knows every word of this letter is true, if not in a position just now to sanction it. He brought his little Bohemian delegation up from Lincoln and assisted to make and elect that entire ticket, notwithstanding Mr. Aldrich's vehement halt.

Mr. Aldrich's boasts that he got all but four votes in some Butler county precinct sounds like the boy that stood next to head in his class, whose father asked how many there were in the class, he replied: "Oh, me and another boy."

Residence Property for Sale.

A 5-room residence, east part of town, at a bargain if sold this month. See Jos. Baird for particulars.

Let wonderful WASHWAX do your family washing; saves rubbing and saves the clothes; makes them clean, sweet and snowy white. WASHWAX is a new scientific compound that washes in hot or cold water without the use of soap. It is entirely harmless and different from anything you have ever used. Send ten cents in stamps today for regular size by mail. You will be glad you tried it. Agents wanted to introduce WASHWAX everywhere. Address Washwax Co., St. Louis, Mo.

Proposed Constitutional Amendment.

The following proposed amendment to the constitution of the state of Nebraska, as hereinafter set forth in full, is submitted to the electors of the State of Nebraska, to be voted upon at the general election to be held Tuesday, November 8th, A. D. 1910.

"A JOINT RESOLUTION to amend Section one (1) of Article seven (7) of the State of Nebraska"

Be it Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Nebraska:

Section 1. (Amendment constitution proposed). That section one (1) of article seven (7) of the constitution of the constitution of the State of Nebraska, the constitution occurring, be so amended as to read as follows:

Section 1. (Who are electors.) Every male citizen of the United States, of the age of twenty-one years, who shall have been a resident of this state six months next preceding the election and of the county, precinct or ward, for the term provided by law shall be an elector; provided, That persons of foreign birth who shall have declared their intention to become citizens conformably to the laws of the United States and are voting at the taking effect of this amendment, may continue to exercise the right of suffrage until such time as they may have resided in the United States five years after which they shall take out full citizenship papers to be entitled to vote at any succeeding election.

Section 2. (Ballots) That at the general election nineteen hundred and ten (1910) there shall be submitted to the electors of the state for their approval or rejection the foregoing proposed amendment to the constitution relating to the right of suffrage. At such election, on the ballot of each elector voting for or against said proposed amendment, shall be written or printed the words: "For proposed amendment to the constitution relating to the right of suffrage." and "Against said proposed amendment to the constitution relating to the right of suffrage."

Section 3. (Adoption.) If such amendment shall be approved by a majority of all electors voting at such election, said amendment shall constitute section one (1) of article seven (7) of the constitution of the State of Nebraska. Approved April 1, 1909." I, Geo. C. Junkin, Secretary of State, of the state of Nebraska do hereby certify that the foregoing proposed amendment to the Constitution of the State of Nebraska is a true and correct copy of the original enrolled and engrossed bill, as passed by the thirty first session of the legislature of the State of Nebraska, as appears from said original bill on file in this office, and that said proposed amendment is submitted to the qualified voters of the state of Nebraska for their adoption or rejection at the general election to be held on Tuesday, the 8th day of November, A. D. 1910. Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the great seal of the State of Nebraska. Done at Lincoln, this 29th day of July, in the year of our Lord, One Thousand Nine Hundred and Ten, and of the Independence of the United States the One Hundred and Thirty-fifth, and of this State the Forty-fourth. GEORGE C. JUNKIN, Secretary of State.



"He who loiters," says the Judge; "not only belates himself, but obstructs the progress of others." Patronize a live store. Raymond's leads.



Harness With Style

and Durability, a glance at our line will prove this to you. We have the latest and best made, asking but a fair price for Good Honest Goods. Do not throw away your money on cheap worthless harness, it pays to trade where you have confidence.

John. S. Lewis, Jr.

For Everything in the Harness Line

Dr. J. R. Severin

VETERINARIAN
Successor to Dr. W. R. O'Neal
Office at White Barn
Authorized to do State work.
Phones: Barn 101
Hptel 14 WAYNE, NEBR.

For Sale

City Property.
GRANT MEARS.

Emil Hansen Farm for Sale

160 acres, 2 miles from Wayne and 60 rods from school house. Fine improvements. See or write Emil Hansen, F. D. 2, box 5, Wayne, Neb.

House and Lot for Sale

The 5-room cottage south of Walter Weber's residence and the vacant lot south of cottage for sale. A. B. CLARK.

Notice to Teachers

Examinations will be held at Wayne the third Friday and the Saturday following of each month.
ELSIE LITTELL, County Superintendent.

Poland China's for Sale.

A few brood sows for sale. Call or write John Coleman, Route 2, Wayne, Nebr.

F. J. Schmalstieg

General Clothes Cleaning and Repairing Shop. Special attention paid to all ladies' work and alterations. Fur coats repaired. Located Up Stairs in the Ahern Building.

For Sale at a Bargain.

The building, lot and pool hall fixtures south of Boyd hotel. This property pays better than 10 percent on the investment and will appreciate in value. Inquire at the Democrat office for terms.

Some Good Thoroughbreds

I have a few choice pure-bred Duroc boars and Shorthorn bulls for sale. See me at the harness shop. JOHN S. LEWIS JR.

ORDER OF HEARING ON ORIGINAL PROBATE OF WILL.

The State of Nebraska, } ss
Wayne County, }
At a County Court, held at the County Court Room, in and for said County of Wayne, on the 31st day of August, 1910. Present, James Britton, County Judge. In the matter of the estate of Edward Pfeil, deceased.
On reading and filing the petition of Bertha Pfeil praying that the instrument filed on the 30th day of August, 1910, and purporting to be the last Will and Testament of said deceased, may be proved, approved, probated, allowed and recorded as the last Will and Testament of said Edward Pfeil, deceased, and that the execution of said instrument may be committed and that the administration of said Estate may be granted to Bertha Pfeil and John W. Wilson as Executors; Ordered, That September 21, A. D. 1910, at 2 o'clock P. M. is assigned for hearing said petition, when all persons interested in said matter may appear at a County Court to be held in and for said County, and show cause why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted; and that notice of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof, be given to all persons interested in said matter by publishing a copy of this order in the Nebraska Democrat, a weekly newspaper printed in said County, for three consecutive weeks prior to said day of hearing. JAMES BRITTON, County Judge.

State Bank of Wayne

HENRY LEY, PRESIDENT,
C. A. CHACE, VICE PRESIDENT,
ROLLIE W. LEY, CASHIER,
HERMAN LUNDBERG, ASS'T. CASH.

This Bank respectfully solicits your account and offers superior facilities for transacting your business.
We sell Drafts on all the principal cities of Europe and other countries.
Steamship tickets for all foreign countries.

The First National Bank

Oldest Bank in Wayne County
CAPITAL, - \$75,000.00
SURPLUS, - \$15,000.00

FRANK E. STRAHAN, President.
JOHN T. BRESSLER, Vice President.
H. T. WILSON, Cashier.
H. S. RINGLAND, Asst. Cashier.

Dr. J. R. Severin

VETERINARIAN
Successor to Dr. W. R. O'Neal
Office at White Barn
Authorized to do State work.
Phones: Barn 101
Hptel 14 WAYNE, NEBR.

Accounts whether Large or Small Appreciated.

Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

Your Meat Is Always Sweet

From the New, Neat, Tasty Butcher Shop...
All kinds of fresh and cured meats, Fish and Game.
Phone 34
and your order will be carefully taken care of.

Oscar Wamberg PROPRIETOR

Farm Loans

At lowest rates and best options see

Phil H. Kohl....

DR. A. G. ADAMS, Dentist
Phone 29. First National Bank Bldg.

David D. Tobias, M. D. C.

Veterinarian
Graduate of Chicago Veterinary College

For a good honest job of

Lightning Rods

or Mutual Insurance see GUS SEELMEYER, Altona, Nebr.

Carpenter
Call on F. L. Sherman. Enquire of E. B. Sherman, phone 328.

Having taken the agency of Farnby's Medicines, formerly handled by Rudolph Hertz, you can get these medicines by calling at my house or phoning 313. LEONARD LEINDECKER.

H. G. Leisenring, MD. SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN
Wayne, Nebraska
Static electricity for chronic diseases. X-ray examinations.

Frank A. Berry LAWYER AND BONDED ABSTRACTER

CAPITAL \$50,000 NO. 9244
CITIZENS NATIONAL BANK
WAYNE, NEB.
A. L. Tucker, Pres. D. C. Main, Cash.
H. C. Henney, V. Pres.
H. H. Jones, Asst. Cashier.
We do all kinds of good banking.

F. M. Thomas OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN
Graduate A. S. O. First floor Wayne Nat'l Bank Bldg.

A. R. Davis ATTORNEY AT LAW
Wayne, Nebraska

Dr. G. J. Green DENTIST
Office Over State Bank. Phone 51

Dr. A. Naffziger
Office in Mellor Block
Lady in attendance. Hospital accommodations.
Deutcher Arzt. Phone No. 65.

S. A. LUTGEN, M. D. Physician & Surgeon
Special attention to the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Office, Ahern Building, Phone 30
Night calls receive prompt attention.

NELS SWANSON

—Does Fine—

Shoe Repairing

and new work also at moderate prices
Located 2 doors north of Union Hotel

Get your Electric Apparatus—Flat-Irons, Washers, Etc From the local dealer

G. W. GIFFITH

Phone 152. Opposite Union Hotel.

Electric Power All Day Service

Earl Merchant Blacksmiths.

All kinds of blacksmithing. Prompt Work at Reasonable Rates. (Successors to Sam Winsor)
Wayne Nebr.

Novelty Repair Works

Located 2d door north German store. Sewing machines of all kinds cleaned and repaired. Razors, knives and scissors sharpened. Shoe repairing.
WM. BROSCHEIT.

Ray Perdue Cement Work

Sidewalks, Cisterns and all kinds of cement building. satisfaction Guaranteed.

THE BEST COOK

Is the housekeeper who buys the best flour. Why not try ours and have the best bread.

The Best Horse

Is the animal fed good grain and feed. We handle all kinds of good feed.
The Best House Is the new firm of
Roe Fortner
For All Kinds of Flour, Ground Feed and Grain.

Cotton Challies
One of the nicest and best materials to be found. This fabric usually sells for 10c. Our special price for one week will be, per yard
5c

Store News

For You

Gingham Dresses
We have several one and two piece dresses, the last of the line, which were good bargains at \$2.75 and \$3.00. The last of the lot will be priced for one week
\$1.75 and \$2.00

Every week it is our aim to tell you something of interest about what we have to sell. We believe it will be to your interest to look up our advertisements every week and then come to this store. You will always find everything exactly as advertised. At present this store is filled with the very best of Fall Merchandise, priced so that, no matter how economically inclined, every purchaser will feel sure of having their money's worth. We list here a few of the good bargains. Look through the entire list.

New Fall Waists

New waists are coming all the time and by the time this appears in the paper we hope to have in stock a complete showing of silk waists in plain or Persian silks.

Dress Goods

Worsted dress goods in the best of fabrics, prettiest designs and most popular colors. We have for your inspection the best and largest line we have ever had. . . . 50c to \$1.75

Silks . . .

Fall silks in plain colors or Persian designs. Exclusive patterns and excellent quality of fabric. These are in lengths suitable for dress or waist. No two alike. Per yard. . . \$1.00

Suits and Coats

The styles of the WOOLTEX garments are copied more than those of any other make known. Style alone costs the WOOLTEX makers \$50,-000.00 every year yet the garments are placed in your hands for as little money as many more cheaply made garments.

Besides this certainty or correct style the Wooltex garments are sold under an absolute guarantee. Should your coat or suit prove defective in any particular with two whole season's wear the garment will be made as good as ever or a new one given in exchange.

The prices on these garments are very moderate.

Separate Skirts

Should you have need for a separate skirt, your time spent investigating our line will be well spent.

Every piece of material made into one of these skirts is pre-shrunk and every gore is cut straight with the warp. This insures permanent permanent shapeliness—no sagging and no shrinking.

The styles are correct for separate skirts, none of them having the appearance of being a part of a suit.

Prices \$5.00 to \$12.50

Outings and Fleeces

Though cotton goods are higher than a year ago we have bought our outings and fleeces at a price that enables us to sell them for no more money than formerly. Price. . . . 10c

Comforter Goods

Silkline, standard, lots of pretty patterns. . . . 12 1/2c
Cretonnes, an extra good fabric for good comforters. . . . 8c
Cotton bats in all the different kinds. . . . 12 1/2c to \$1.00

Blankets.—At no time before have we been so well able to give you just what you will need in this line.
Cotton blankets. . . 75c to \$1.50
Wool finished. . . \$2.00 to 4.50
Wool blankets. . . 5.00 to 9.00
Robes. 2.50 to 3.50

Curtains

And Curtain nets. New and special values for Fall.
Nets 25c up

Novelties

Belts, Neckwear, Veils, Scarfs, Combs, Bags, Collar Pins, Buckles.

Hosiery

Men's, Women's and children's Topsy hosiery. None better and the prices are low.

Underwear

Underwear values for the whole family. Values that will prove that this is the best shopping place.

Men's Wear

Gloves, neckwear, hosiery, dress shirts, work shirts, overalls, sweaters and underwear.

Women's all wool Sweater Coats in very special values, \$2.50 to \$5.50

Make this store your headquarters for dry goods and groceries. Our grocery stock is kept absolutely fresh and pure and priced as low as the lowest.

You produce will Buy More Here.. **Orr & Morris Co.** Wayne, - Nebr. . . . Phone 247

Bargains Every Day

Special Bargains Every Day

If you come to our store and pick out at random any article, you are reasonably sure to pick a bargain in nine out of ten cases. Besides, we have specials every week and, on certain articles, we reduce our prices, interesting as they are at all times, still more.

Specials for next week

- Lightning Mouse Traps, the most satisfactory trap on the market. . . . 2 for 5c
- Hair Brushes, high grade in every respect, extra long China bristles. . . . 18c
- Headlight Glass Washboards, the first time offered for. . . . 25c

By reason of recent lucky purchases and by our policy of being satisfied with small profits, we are enabled to name very special prices on a good many more goods. Come and see what we have, examine our goods and prices. We are confident that you will after that always reserve a portion of your trade for the:

Wayne Variety Store
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE OFFICE

ONE DOLLAR

Will pay for the Lincoln Daily State Journal mailed to your address anywhere in the country outside of Lincoln and suburbs from now

Until January 1, 1911

Add only 25 cents and the Big Sunday Journal will be included—\$1.25 for Daily and Sunday. This offer for mail subscriptions only. Why not order today?

School Notes

A few pupils are absent on account of sickness.

A few new pupils have been enrolled within the last week. The total enrollment is now 485.

Among the visitors within the last week were Mesdames Pile, Bressler, and Kirkpatrick, and Misses Moran, Stocking, Strickland and Fortner.

Our boys will meet the Norfolk high school boys in a game of foot ball on Saturday, Oct. 1st at Norfolk.

Miss Roadifer, our Kindergarten Director, invited the mothers of the Kindergarten children to a "Mothers Meeting" last Thursday afternoon for the purpose of becoming acquainted and talking over the kindergarten work. Such meetings result in better understanding and consequently in splendid co-operation.

On Friday morning of last week the Senior Class gave the following twenty-minute program, with Alfred Lewis presiding:—Vocal Solo, Herbert Welch, Tot Chapin played the accompaniment; Biography of Renui, the artist who painted "The Aurora," Minnie Miller; The Story of Aurora, (Mythology), Leslie Epler.

On Wednesday morning Rev. Kirkpatrick made a most splendid twenty minute address to our high school. Mr. Kirkpatrick took for his theme "Creative Power" or "Originality" and impressed upon his hearers the importance of independent thinking and independent doing.

We are sorry to learn that the Kirkpatrick family will soon leave for Norfolk. Elder in the high school and Mary in the 8th grade are good students.

Assignments to the Normal Model School will be made this week. In making these assignments we shall do the best we know for everybody concerned and we sincerely hope no one will be displeased.

Weber Bros., are paying 2c above market price for wheat.

If you want Slippery Elmer Burkett returned to the United States senate, don't vote for Henry Bartels for state representative.

Tom Steele is now chairman of the democratic county central committee of Woodbury county, Iowa, and we'll bet he makes political life miserable for the stand-pat republicans.

Metcalfe was defeated in his candidacy for United States senator and has decided that Dahiman, although as Met says a man of good qualities, did not get the nomination for governor by the will of the people, and he will therefore support C. H. Aldrich. Metcalfe has a perfect right to support whom he pleases, but his excuse for not supporting the nominee of his party is nothing but the sheerest rot and simply the excrement of a sore politician.

Funny isn't it, that if all the brewers from Omaha to Milwaukee were back of Jim Dahiman's candidacy for the nomination of governor, that not a red-cent nor a salaried lobbyist appeared anywhere in the state to assist Jim in capturing the plum? Here in Wayne county, for instance, where a small "barrel" or a "jack-pot" could have been opened and gotten Jim lots of votes, there was an absolute indifference as to whether Dahiman got any or not. When the time comes to "line em up" you can bank on the corporations and railroads being back of C. H. Aldrich's candidacy.

Cedar County News: Four years ago in the legislature Mr. Aldrich voted against county option. And that is the only issue between him and James C. Dahlman today. Now Mr. Aldrich favors county option and Mr. Dahlman favors home rule, as Mr. Aldrich did four years ago. And yet many good people would paint Aldrich with beautiful white wings and Dahlman with horns and cloven hoof. Aldrich really does not favor county option; when he might have supported it he voted against it, but when he sees republican sentiment in favor of county option and thinks it will get him a nomination, then he is in favor of county option.

E. C. Tweed and wife returned Monday from a pleasant visit at Hartington

Local News.

Phone 145 when you want printing. Seven Room House for Sale. Enquire Leahy's Drug Store.

If you want the best silverware polish buy it of L. A. FANSKE, Jeweler.

It's never too late to have Optician Vail examine you. eyes free of charge.

The "human frog" who gave exhibitions at the Crystal last winter died in a hospital at Sioux City last week from real snake bite, a reptile in a side-show at Osmond biting the contortionist on the finger.

Several weddings next month, but they are nearly all secrets at this stage of the game.

Six room house, "all on the ground," for rent. Enquire at this office.

P. H. Kohl and Henry Bartels are in Stanton today.

Wm. Nies returned to South Dakota yesterday. Billy said they had to have the Democrat to their address now.

The Democrat man was up the Bone-steel branch as far as Plainview last Friday. Crops that far west look extra good in corn. Politically no man can guess the game. Some democrats are bucking on Dahiman, but you do not find members of either political party who will acknowledge that they are going to vote the republican ticket.

Mrs. Littell will sell her furniture at private sale. For information phone 156.

School children are frequently backward in their studies from no apparent cause. Weak eyes is very often the trouble. It will cost you nothing to have a guaranteed examination by Optician W. B. Vail.

PAINT—Fresh stock mixed paint; Monarch brand; 100 per cent. pure. For sale at LEAHY'S DRUG STORE.

The Democrat has the best of stock, first-class workmen and gives you the most reasonable prices on your job printing orders.

Only a few more of those garden blueberries left. If you want any drop a card at once to Jos. McCoun, Wayne.

Miss Belle Temple will have the fall millinery opening on Sept. 23 and 24.

Wanted—A competent girl for housework, good wages paid. Mrs. F. G. Philleo.

Blaine Skeen went to Plainview Tuesday night to play ball with that town the balance of the week.

Mrs. Frank Davey was in Wayne from Ponca Tuesday.

Bargains every day, and special bargains every Saturday at Wayne Variety Store.

Everybody, their cousins and their aunts, are in Sioux City this week.

A fine bill at the Crystal tonight. Don't fail to see it.

Arthur Hyatt, a brother of Grandma Cutler, who has been visiting here left yesterday for his home in New York state.

Judge Welch went to Pierce yesterday and opens a regular term of court at Madison today.

AK-SAR-BEN CARNIVAL AND PARADES OMAHA

Sept. 28th to Oct. 8th, 1910

THE BIG JOLLY CARNIVAL EVERY DAY

Tuesday Night, Oct. 4	Wednesday Night, Oct. 5	Thursday Afternoon, Oct. 6	Friday Night, Oct. 7
CARNIVAL FIREWORKS	ELECTRICAL PARADE	MILITARY PARADE	CORONATION BALL

Grand Military Maneuvers Every Day by U. S. Regular Troops.

REDUCED RATES ON ALL RAILROADS.

SHOW YOURSELF A GOOD TIME—YOU'LL HAVE LOTS OF HELP

Miss Rose Fallon of O'Neill returned home Tuesday after an enjoyable visit with the Misses Van Gilder.

Fred Sebald expects to leave Oct. 2nd on a long visit to New York state.

T. J. Pryor and family of Chapin precinct were in town visiting home folks. John Coleman was a Sioux City visitor Monday.

Jas. Frank is storing his household goods, leaving for Omaha where his wife is going for treatment.

L. A. Fanske and Chas. Kate were Sunday morning passengers to Sioux City.

P. H. Kohl went to South Dakota on a short visit.

Geo. Mannion was a business visitor from Winslow Monday.

The Democrat is under obligations to Congressman Latta for the Democratic Campaign book of 1910.

The seven-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jake Dornberger was taken very ill last week and Saturday Dr. Sibley and a nurse came up from Sioux City and an operation performed for obstruction of the bowels. Owing to the child's serious condition relatives were called to Wayne; J. H. McMath and wife from Persia, Io., Mr. and Mrs. Sorensen from Tekamah and Geo. Dornberger from South Dakota.

Henry Hinrichs now sports a Cadillac auto. There was a time when Henry was death on the gas wagons and thought they were a torment to farmers sent here by the devil.

Randolph Times: Ed. Carroll was operated on in Sioux City Wednesday for appendicitis. It was found that the appendix was ruptured and that the case would soon have been very serious. He has been sick for some time, but thought he had stomach trouble.

John Morgan and Chas. Koepke returned Saturday from Granite Falls, Minn., where the latter bought a quarter section of land and will move to that state next spring.

Wayne friends have received news that Jim Loyd is down with an attack of small pox at his home near Vayland, S. D. The old gentleman lives with his son Ned.

Bert Surber was here from Council Bluffs Saturday and arranged for Mrs. Surber and the children to go to Council Bluffs to reside after they make a visit to her brother, Charley Nichols, at Laurel.

Henry Kloppling received a nasty injury in his right arm last Saturday while threshing at Clarence Corbly's. Oscar Lewis was pitching bundles to the machine off a stack while Henry was on the ground throwing to Lewis. The latter's fork caught in a belt and was driven forcibly to the ground, one time going into Henry's arm two or three inches.

Merchant Stewart of Randolph made an early trip to Wayne by auto Sunday to catch the east bound train for Omaha.

Mr. and Mrs. Emil Hansen drove to Cumings county Sunday to visit their daughter.

*Principal J. H. Kemp bought 160 acres of land in Hughes county, S. D., last week, at \$27 per acre. What's the matter with Nebraska school teachers' wages?

County Judge Britton yesterday married two couples, John Blair and Miss Mary Muller, from the west part of the county, and Walfred Carlton and Esther Nelson, both of Winslow.

Miss Bessie Hoyer, formerly of Norfolk, is now chief operator in the Wayne office.

Mr. Silson left the latter part of the week for his home at Spalding, after spending a week with Rev. Wm. Kearn.

Mrs. Laura Lewis, the nurse, has returned from an extended visit in rows.

Mrs. Rosco Church of Davenport, Io., is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Frith.

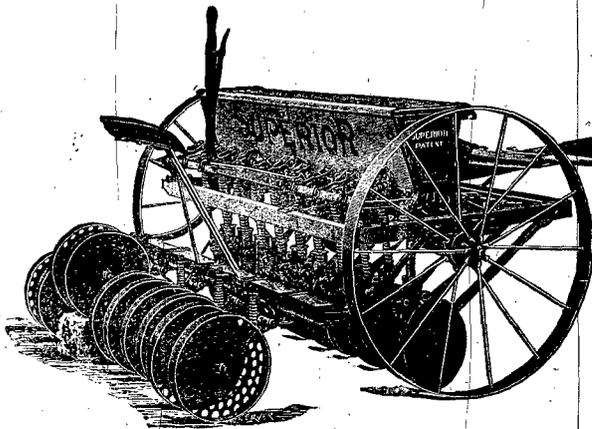
Miss Eunice Hutchings of Emerson who has been visiting Wayne friends for some time, went to Sioux City yesterday morning and at two p. m. was united in marriage to Haugen of Sioux City.

Send the Democrat the news from any part of the county, and aside from doing this newspaper and our readers an appreciated service, you can make a few easily earned dollars.

Printing that Pleases—The Democrat.

SUPERIOR

THE NAME TELLS A TRUE STORY



AT HOME IN ANY FIELD

GRAIN DRILLS

Superior Disc Drills Have the Following Very Essential Features:

- High Carbon Angle Steel Frame, bent cold at the corners, which are strongly reinforced with heavy steel plates.
- Solid I-Beam Steel Bed Rail, Cold Rolled, large diameter Steel Axles, Two-part Axle Hangers—no need to strip axle in case of accidental breakage. Superior Disc Wheel and Seeding pinion for changing quantities of both grain and fertilizer without changing of parts. Change instantly made.
- No loose gear wheels to get lost. Everything right where it is needed and when it is needed.
- Superior Double Run Positive Force Feed accurately sows all kinds of large and small grains—peas, corn and beans (even the bush lima) included. No cracking of seed. Absolute uniformity of sowing in any quantity desired. Superior Positive Force Fertilizer Feed sows all kinds and known brands of commercial fertilizer, whether dry, damp, pasty or lumpy, and in quantities to suit, ranging from 20 to 480 quarts per acre, according to cones used.
- Both of the ground wheels drive all the feeds. Large, roomy hoppers of well seasoned lumber. Heavy, High-Carbon steel draw bars fastened high to front of drill frames. Impossible to bend or twist out of shape. No chance for corn stalks and trash to lodge and drag.
- Tubular Steel Pressure Rods that fit the pressure springs. No kinking or buckling of springs.
- Disc bearings that are as near dust proof as it is possible to make them. Removable boxes in each disc bearing. Disc bearings have screw-top, dust-proof reservoir oilers.
- The Standard Sizes of the Superior Plain Disc Grain Drills are: 8, 10, 12, 14 discs, 8 inches apart; 9, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18 and 20 discs, 7 inches apart; 12, 14, 16, 18, 20 and 22 discs, 6 inches apart.
- Insist on seeing the Superior before you buy. We sold a car load of these drills last spring and every man that bought one is most highly pleased.

MEISTER & BLUECHEL

SCIENTISTS' DOUBT THAT THERE ARE CENTENARIANS

Probably Only Three Ever Lived to Be Over 100 Years of Age.

From the Philadelphia Public Ledger.
No body ever questioned Methuselah. He was 950 years old when the world was the end of it. People believed in the possibility of attaining great age. The belief persisted throughout the ages. Most persons still hold it. Most persons still believe there is a man who reaches the century mark or even pass a little beyond it. It is a common thing to read in newspapers of persons who have celebrated their 104th or 105th birthday.

But such claims no longer go without question. Dr. Hutchinison questions them. Professor Starr, of the University of Chicago, established the Census Bureau questions them. Dr. Hutchinison says the centenarians are a myth. Professor Starr says that the truth about the centenarians is that Dr. Wilbur doubts almost all centenarians in general, and challenges the statements of the late Noah Raby in particular. He says Raby was not 100 years old, but 70 years old, never lived to be 131 years old or any thing like it.

He made a study of the Raby case. He found that Raby did not serve in the navy as long as he is said to have done. Raby said he entered the navy when it was organized and served until the year of his discharge. He was on the constitution in 1839. They do not show when he was discharged.

But on the basis of his own data Dr. Wilbur concludes that Raby, the man of his day, probably had been 70 years and 11 months old. Raby, he declares, exaggerated his age to the extent of 30 years.

The Philadelphia Public Ledger has examined every great claim in history. He has personally examined many claims reported in newspapers. He has reached these conclusions:

That history affords but three examples of persons who probably lived to be more than 100 years old.

That neither of these persons lived to be 110 years old.

That no centenarians are now alive.

That if Hutchinison is right, almost all of the rest of the world is wrong.

That the only person who has been reported to have lived to be 131 years old, was a man named Raby, who lived in London in 1635 at the age of 152. In the beginning he was a farm hand.

The Encyclopedia Britannica says that he was a widower as his second wife died when he was 12 years old. The widow is said to have testified to his uniform good health. Until he was 130 he was a farmer, and of the usual farm work and even thrived.

When he was in his 152d year the king sent for him. Parr went to London. The king gave him the best food that the king had, and he was better than Parr was accustomed to on the farm. His digestion was upset. His heart began to flutter. His breath came hard. He had hardly got home before he died.

This visit, says the Britannica, "in all probability shortened his existence, which he otherwise might have prolonged for many years."

Dr. Hutchinison says he has examined every shred of evidence in the Parr case, and there is nothing whatever to prove that the old man reached even the age of 152. "A single scratch of a quill to prove the time of his life. In fact, the whole case rests on a pamphlet entitled 'An Old, Old, Old, Very Old Man,' which was printed a few years after his death. The pamphlet had become noted as a 'very old' and somebody evidently thought he could make some money by publishing the pamphlet. At any rate, that is Dr. Hutchinison's opinion. Since the pamphlet contains nothing that even reports to prove Parr's age."

Dr. Hutchinison was asked about Louis Cornaro, the classic example of a man who lived to be 100 years old. He had lived to the age of 100, and by the time he was 40 he was apparently starved in the face of death. Then he took himself in hand, and by the time he was 100, he was well with the power of all persons of good vitality and good constitution might be said, easily live far beyond the century mark. But writing at the age of 95 he said:

"Because I was born with a poor constitution, I fear I shall not live much beyond a hundred years."

Still he was confident that he would live to be 100, and predicted as much. History says that in fact he lived to be 102.

In the Cornaro case, Dr. Hutchinison again disputes history. "Cornaro had no dispute about the date of his birth. He does not dispute Cornaro's claim to the age of 95 when he wrote the article in the pamphlet. He would have lived to be 100. But Dr. Hutchinison disputes the year of Cornaro's death. He calls attention to the fact that so far as Cornaro's writings are concerned, he completely contradicts his own age of 100. Nothing exists or lives to be 100, that was written by Cornaro after he was 100. The record stops with a preface at 95. The record is full to take on the 100th statement that Cornaro lived several years longer. Dr. Hutchinison has no faith.

Because of utter lack of proof, the doctor also huddles aside the statements that John Barton lived to be 134 and the Hungarian peasants, respectively, to be 152 and 164 years old, respectively. That Henry Jenkins lived to be 159; that Peter Barton lived to be 158; and the Countess of Desmond to be 144. Yet the countless is one of the three persons whom the doctor believes may have lived to be more than 100. In the case there is some reason to believe that she may have lived to be 106.

The other two persons whom the doctor believes to have been centenarians were Sir Isaac Pitman, the inventor of shorthand, who died when he was almost 101 years old, and Sir Moses Montefiore, the philanthropist, who expired in the year of 90 years and 10 days. Dr. Hutchinison accepts the last two cases without question, because they were both well known men of intelligence, who undoubtedly knew the ages as well as any intelligent person knows his age.

Dr. Hutchinison's general skepticism in the several circumstances that he declares to be facts. He calls attention to the fact that there is not now living a man or woman of national or international renown who regards it as a suspicious circumstance that those who claim to be centenarians are all persons who never attracted attention until they claimed to be centenarians; who are usually ignorant, and who possess absolutely no proof of their claims.

One never hears of a doctor 100 years old, of a lawyer, or a preacher, or a scientist, or anybody else except an obscure individual who has no records to support his assertion. Even the names of the great men and women are willful liars. I believe they are mistaken. Many of them don't know when they were born. Many of them become almost 100 years old, and then they are a great deal older than they are.

"Centenarians a person who does not know his age is told at 60 that he is 70, at 70 that he is 80, and ever afterward computes his age from that basis. If he lives to be 82 he is declared to have lived to be 102. If he lives to be 90 he is said to have lived to be 110. I have known a man who does not know when he was born computes his age from an event. He recalls that in his youth he saw soldiers marching out to war. It was in talking of old age, 70 years afterward, he reaches the conclusion that it was the war of 1812. He was 5 years old then. It must have been 1817, or 1818, or 1819. He would be, perhaps, if he had really seen soldiers marching away to the war of 1812. But the soldiers he saw were really marching away to the war of 1817, or 1818, or 1819. He would be a good many years afterward. Instead of being 102 the man may be only 85."

A study of historical records simply supports Dr. Hutchinison's contention that well known persons, the date of whose birth is certain, never claim to have lived long past the century mark. In 1200 years not a single man has been reported to have lived to be over 100 years old. Only six kings have reached the age of 80. Not a single one of 300 popes has lived to be 100. Only five have passed the age of 100.

Insurance companies tell the same story. In all the history of life insurance in America only one policyholder has reached the age of 95 years. During the last 135 years no Englishman has lived to be 100 years old. A death claim to anybody more than 95 years old.

Census reports in America always show that the great number of centenarians are found in those communities where ignorance is greatest.

According to the census reports, negroes and Indians are the ones who are most likely to reach 100 years of age. According to life insurance companies, negroes and Indians are less likely than white persons to live to be old.

According to life insurance companies, ignorant persons are more likely to live to be old. It places a handicap upon life by offering unwholesome occupations and unwholesome surroundings at home. Furthermore, ignorance prevents the application of the best medical science to the cure of illness, or measures that might prolong life. Yet in the Balkan states, where ignorance is the greatest, centenarians are said to be the most numerous.

Even the Russian doctor accepted the tale from the Balkans. Perhaps it was because Metchnikoff had a theory to support. His theory was that sour milk destroyed germs that destroyed the human body. He thought that great consumers of sour goat's milk, rather of goat's milk soured.

"Balkan centenarianism is more attributable to goat than goat's milk," he said. "The reason is that people simply have the nerve to claim to be old. I don't believe there is a real centenarian in all the Balkan states."

The mentioning of Metchnikoff suggested to the Russian doctor a theory that the normal span of human life is 150 years. According to this theory, any animal should live five times as long as it requires to complete its growth. In the case of man, this means to live until all the cartilage in his bones has turned to bone. At birth there are no bones—nothing but cartilage. Then hard centers of bone begin to form. At each end of each bone and one in the center. These hard spots spread until they meet. The time of meeting is called the time when the growth of the body ceases. This time is 30 years. The normal span of human life is 150 years.

Dr. Hutchinison was asked what he thought of the 150-year limit that Metchnikoff based upon this theory. He said he did not think anything of it. He said the person he didn't think anything of it was because he began to study animals even before he began to study medicine. He had spent years in the study of the habits of animals. He learned what might be called the natural term of the lives of various animals. He could learn nothing. He came away believing that nobody else had ever learned anything.

"Take an elephant, for instance. According to general belief, the elephant lives to be 200 years old. But think a moment. How did you ever learn that an elephant lives to be 200 years old? Was an elephant, born in captivity, ever kept alive 200 years? No. The longest that any elephant ever lived in captivity was 100 years. The fact that he is born in captivity does not matter of fact, live long. Elephants are usually caught wild. No one ever brought from the jungle the date of a captive elephant's birth. The only way anyone who wants to get only 'what' that the captive is 250 years old. If the elephant survives 30 years in captivity, he is at the least, officially declared to be 200 years old.

It is the same way with turtles and eagles. Turtles are supposed to live to be 300 years old. Eagles are said to have a difficulty in rounding the century mark. That is, they are supposed to live to be 300. Nor did anybody ever watch an eagle until it became 100.

All animals, said Dr. Hutchinison, are largely matters of guesswork. They can be nothing else, because wild animals cannot be observed while they are wild. Only captive animals are compelled to live under conditions that their lives are cut short.

"Domestic animals," said Dr. Hutchinison, "can be observed from birth until death, but our demands for food prevent us from knowing much about

animals as they show do not fit as trim as those shown in muddy weather by the town woman. The reason is that the country woman has rolls of bills stuck in her pockets, and she has her chickens, eggs and poultry. You don't see any such things under the town woman's nose. They fit nice and trim, for she has a few dimes and coppers, a lot of samples, a powder rag, all in a thing called a handkerchief. The size of a man's suit case, that she carries under her arm for a bluff.

"A Michiavelian Maid." From Harper's Weekly.

"Weren't you surprised to see how Ethel hugged and kissed Miss Dawkins yesterday when met at the Hickenlooper's tea?"

"Not a bit. I don't think they hated each other."

"When do Ethel had met her 50 Miss Dawkins complexions wasn't real, and

she hugged her up she rubbed half of it off on her own cheek."

A Thackeray Quip. From the Argonaut.

A distinguished foreigner, visiting Epsom Downs, in Thackeray's company, noticed many men dressed as if they were going to native and exclaimed, "What a fine lot of men!"

"What a fine lot of men," said the visitor, "these are 'I oppose what you call your British tars.'"

"I replied Thackeray, 'Only, Epsom salts.'"

Applied Learning. From the Squire.

The Absentminded Professor—My tallor has put one button too many on my vest."

"I must cut it off."

"What's the funny now there's a buttonhole too many. What's the use of a buttonhole?"

When she hugged her up she rubbed half of it off on her own cheek."

IN LAIR OF MODERN GRECIAN BRIGAND

Strange Laws of an Old-Time Quality That Are Still in Force in Greece.

Few men there are who have not, at some time during youth, taken keen interest in the exploits of the brigands, or dave-devil of a brigand whose exploits would cause the reader's blood to course livelier than under ordinary conditions. Just as the young man probably of the gentler sex, who in young or days were thrilled by the story of a handsome outlaw, "with fierce moustache and swaggering gait," carried off by the bravest of the brave to the subsequent or final chapter.

No other country, with possibly the exception of Corsica, has had so long a history of lawbreakers as has poor Greece, and its naturally quiet and peace loving citizens drew a deep sigh of relief when the various bands of brigands were broken up a few years ago, and it became possible once more to journey about the highways of the interior without any great fear of being molested.

It is very easy, and to be sure, for an old man to forget, and to be sure he has always lived as he is now living. When one reaches great age his appetite naturally falls off, and a little food will satisfy his hunger. He is then asked how he happened to live to be so old. He is quite likely to reply that he has always taken the best of care of himself.

It seems probable, too, that none of those who have lived to be very old ever took better care of himself than the average man takes. They have simply forgotten the things they used to do when they were young, or in their prime. In fact, it has been proved in the cases of some extremely old persons that they drank to excess, smoked, and did about everything else that was usually expected to cut short their lives.

"What, then, is the recipe for old age?"

"I don't know that there is any recipe. Of course, it stands to reason that reasonable care of one's health must necessarily prolong life, and that, which health is good. It is also obviously true that disregard of the laws of health may cut short life. But it sometimes seems to me as if every human being is given a certain amount of vitality—wound up for a certain number of years, so to speak—and that at the expiration of his time he dies."

Nobody will quarrel with Dr. Hutchinison on account of his disclaimer in the claims of alleged centenarians. But he will have few followers in his attitude toward the desirability of living long.

He believes, however, that a great myth is the pleasure of being old. Cornaro said that the happiest days of his life came to him after he had passed his 80th birthday, and that he was glad to live to be 100 if he could. Yet Dr. Hutchinison says he believes there is no joy in extremely old age. Old age, in his opinion, at its best is only a weary life of living without pleasure or pain, while at its worst it is little but pain.

As Dr. Hutchinison views life, man was put here to reproduce his kind, care for his offspring until they are able to take care of themselves, do a certain amount of work for the world and move on. He does not believe there is anything to be gained by lingering after one's work is done, and his falling away to be incapacitated him from enjoying himself.

According to the doctor, the best thing that can happen to the race is to increase the percentage of the population that starts out in the working period of life. If that is the best thing, we are getting it. It is doubtful if all that modern science has added a day to the lives of the old, but it has certainly made them get to 50. In doing so it has caused us to reverse our estimates of the relative vitality of men and women. It is only a few years ago that no life insurance company would insure a woman on the life of a woman. Then, when an was given the right to carry insurance, under certain limited restrictions, and her husband were also insured. Eventually the restrictions were dropped, and finally all the restrictions were dropped.

A woman, at any time of life, if under any conditions, can now get life insurance on the life of a woman. She could if she were a man. All companies have not let down the bars against her, but some companies have.

For this change, The returns from the census of 1900 show that the returns from the last census will doubtless soon show, that most of the old people in this country are women. There are 373,000 men in this country who were 80 years old or more, but there are 175,000 women of 80 years of age or more.

It is also interesting to note how population tends to distribute itself according to age. The south is the land of children, and the north is the land of the infantile population. Indian Territory, with South Carolina, Mississippi and Texas following in the order named, is the District of Columbia is last.

Wyoming is the banner state of those who are between 29 and 30, with the District of Columbia second and Montana third. New York is ninth on this list, and Pennsylvania thirteenth.

All during middle life, the west has the call. Montana, Wyoming, Washington, Colorado and California have the greatest percentage of those who are between 30 and 40; Nevada, California, Colorado, Washington and Oregon the greatest percentages of those who are between 40 and 50. Nevada still leads in Vermont, Maine and New Hampshire come immediately afterward.

At old age, New England swings into line with Maine at the head of the class, who are between 60 and 70. Vermont and New Hampshire comes next, with New York thirteenth and Pennsylvania twenty-third. Maine, New Hampshire, Maine and Connecticut lead the order named in the decades between 70 and 90.

These figures, of course, show nothing about the salubriousness of the climate, nor the hardiness of the people in the various states, but they do show how the activities of the various communities differ for different kinds of human beings. The other way the west is beckoning to the workers of the whole country, leaving the children in the south and the old people in New England.

But there is no little illiteracy in New England to make the crop of centenarians large. The negro states of the south show the greatest percentage of those who claim to have lived 100 years or more.

The troops were finally ordered out and the pursuit began, while the population fled with no little anxiety for the outcome. At Livadia and Thebes the soldiers almost cornered Arvataki, but no actual conflict resulted, and the captives' lives were spared for a time.

Although it is a slight digression, the soldiers give pursuit to the band and capture it if possible. Some days elapsed and Arvataki, having been informed of the intention of the authorities to send him to the galleys, the soldiers were upon the band, and an actual clash came, the captives would pay for the action with their lives. Lieutenant Lloyd, of the British army, being, notwithstanding Lord Muncaster pleaded hard, it is said, that no troops were sent.

Occasionally word came from those in the bondage to this anxiety for permission to correspond with relatives and friends both in Athens and England. Some of the letters received were most pathetic, pleading for ransom and saying that what they were enduring treated fairly they were enduring great privations and being continually hurried from point to point in the mountains, where they had no regular supply of food and lack of shelter.

Furthermore, they said that it was their firm belief that if troops were sent and a meeting between them and the bandits were arranged, the captives would be killed. The uncertainty of it all was deeply distressing to friends and relatives of those concerned. Bulletins were sent daily at the government house giving the latest news of the affair.

The troops were finally ordered out and the pursuit began, while the population fled with no little anxiety for the outcome. At Livadia and Thebes the soldiers almost cornered Arvataki, but no actual conflict resulted, and the captives' lives were spared for a time.

Although it is a slight digression, the soldiers give pursuit to the band and capture it if possible. Some days elapsed and Arvataki, having been informed of the intention of the authorities to send him to the galleys, the soldiers were upon the band, and an actual clash came, the captives would pay for the action with their lives. Lieutenant Lloyd, of the British army, being, notwithstanding Lord Muncaster pleaded hard, it is said, that no troops were sent.

Occasionally word came from those in the bondage to this anxiety for permission to correspond with relatives and friends both in Athens and England. Some of the letters received were most pathetic, pleading for ransom and saying that what they were enduring treated fairly they were enduring great privations and being continually hurried from point to point in the mountains, where they had no regular supply of food and lack of shelter.

Furthermore, they said that it was their firm belief that if troops were sent and a meeting between them and the bandits were arranged, the captives would be killed. The uncertainty of it all was deeply distressing to friends and relatives of those concerned. Bulletins were sent daily at the government house giving the latest news of the affair.

The troops were finally ordered out and the pursuit began, while the population fled with no little anxiety for the outcome. At Livadia and Thebes the soldiers almost cornered Arvataki, but no actual conflict resulted, and the captives' lives were spared for a time.

Although it is a slight digression, the soldiers give pursuit to the band and capture it if possible. Some days elapsed and Arvataki, having been informed of the intention of the authorities to send him to the galleys, the soldiers were upon the band, and an actual clash came, the captives would pay for the action with their lives. Lieutenant Lloyd, of the British army, being, notwithstanding Lord Muncaster pleaded hard, it is said, that no troops were sent.

Occasionally word came from those in the bondage to this anxiety for permission to correspond with relatives and friends both in Athens and England. Some of the letters received were most pathetic, pleading for ransom and saying that what they were enduring treated fairly they were enduring great privations and being continually hurried from point to point in the mountains, where they had no regular supply of food and lack of shelter.

Furthermore, they said that it was their firm belief that if troops were sent and a meeting between them and the bandits were arranged, the captives would be killed. The uncertainty of it all was deeply distressing to friends and relatives of those concerned. Bulletins were sent daily at the government house giving the latest news of the affair.

The troops were finally ordered out and the pursuit began, while the population fled with no little anxiety for the outcome. At Livadia and Thebes the soldiers almost cornered Arvataki, but no actual conflict resulted, and the captives' lives were spared for a time.

Although it is a slight digression, the soldiers give pursuit to the band and capture it if possible. Some days elapsed and Arvataki, having been informed of the intention of the authorities to send him to the galleys, the soldiers were upon the band, and an actual clash came, the captives would pay for the action with their lives. Lieutenant Lloyd, of the British army, being, notwithstanding Lord Muncaster pleaded hard, it is said, that no troops were sent.

Occasionally word came from those in the bondage to this anxiety for permission to correspond with relatives and friends both in Athens and England. Some of the letters received were most pathetic, pleading for ransom and saying that what they were enduring treated fairly they were enduring great privations and being continually hurried from point to point in the mountains, where they had no regular supply of food and lack of shelter.

Furthermore, they said that it was their firm belief that if troops were sent and a meeting between them and the bandits were arranged, the captives would be killed. The uncertainty of it all was deeply distressing to friends and relatives of those concerned. Bulletins were sent daily at the government house giving the latest news of the affair.

The troops were finally ordered out and the pursuit began, while the population fled with no little anxiety for the outcome. At Livadia and Thebes the soldiers almost cornered Arvataki, but no actual conflict resulted, and the captives' lives were spared for a time.

Although it is a slight digression, the soldiers give pursuit to the band and capture it if possible. Some days elapsed and Arvataki, having been informed of the intention of the authorities to send him to the galleys, the soldiers were upon the band, and an actual clash came, the captives would pay for the action with their lives. Lieutenant Lloyd, of the British army, being, notwithstanding Lord Muncaster pleaded hard, it is said, that no troops were sent.

Occasionally word came from those in the bondage to this anxiety for permission to correspond with relatives and friends both in Athens and England. Some of the letters received were most pathetic, pleading for ransom and saying that what they were enduring treated fairly they were enduring great privations and being continually hurried from point to point in the mountains, where they had no regular supply of food and lack of shelter.

Furthermore, they said that it was their firm belief that if troops were sent and a meeting between them and the bandits were arranged, the captives would be killed. The uncertainty of it all was deeply distressing to friends and relatives of those concerned. Bulletins were sent daily at the government house giving the latest news of the affair.

The troops were finally ordered out and the pursuit began, while the population fled with no little anxiety for the outcome. At Livadia and Thebes the soldiers almost cornered Arvataki, but no actual conflict resulted, and the captives' lives were spared for a time.

Although it is a slight digression, the soldiers give pursuit to the band and capture it if possible. Some days elapsed and Arvataki, having been informed of the intention of the authorities to send him to the galleys, the soldiers were upon the band, and an actual clash came, the captives would pay for the action with their lives. Lieutenant Lloyd, of the British army, being, notwithstanding Lord Muncaster pleaded hard, it is said, that no troops were sent.

Occasionally word came from those in the bondage to this anxiety for permission to correspond with relatives and friends both in Athens and England. Some of the letters received were most pathetic, pleading for ransom and saying that what they were enduring treated fairly they were enduring great privations and being continually hurried from point to point in the mountains, where they had no regular supply of food and lack of shelter.

Furthermore, they said that it was their firm belief that if troops were sent and a meeting between them and the bandits were arranged, the captives would be killed. The uncertainty of it all was deeply distressing to friends and relatives of those concerned. Bulletins were sent daily at the government house giving the latest news of the affair.

The troops were finally ordered out and the pursuit began, while the population fled with no little anxiety for the outcome. At Livadia and Thebes the soldiers almost cornered Arvataki, but no actual conflict resulted, and the captives' lives were spared for a time.

Although it is a slight digression, the soldiers give pursuit to the band and capture it if possible. Some days elapsed and Arvataki, having been informed of the intention of the authorities to send him to the galleys, the soldiers were upon the band, and an actual clash came, the captives would pay for the action with their lives. Lieutenant Lloyd, of the British army, being, notwithstanding Lord Muncaster pleaded hard, it is said, that no troops were sent.

Occasionally word came from those in the bondage to this anxiety for permission to correspond with relatives and friends both in Athens and England. Some of the letters received were most pathetic, pleading for ransom and saying that what they were enduring treated fairly they were enduring great privations and being continually hurried from point to point in the mountains, where they had no regular supply of food and lack of shelter.

Furthermore, they said that it was their firm belief that if troops were sent and a meeting between them and the bandits were arranged, the captives would be killed. The uncertainty of it all was deeply distressing to friends and relatives of those concerned. Bulletins were sent daily at the government house giving the latest news of the affair.

The troops were finally ordered out and the pursuit began, while the population fled with no little anxiety for the outcome. At Livadia and Thebes the soldiers almost cornered Arvataki, but no actual conflict resulted, and the captives' lives were spared for a time.

Although it is a slight digression, the soldiers give pursuit to the band and capture it if possible. Some days elapsed and Arvataki, having been informed of the intention of the authorities to send him to the galleys, the soldiers were upon the band, and an actual clash came, the captives would pay for the action with their lives. Lieutenant Lloyd, of the British army, being, notwithstanding Lord Muncaster pleaded hard, it is said, that no troops were sent.

Occasionally word came from those in the bondage to this anxiety for permission to correspond with relatives and friends both in Athens and England. Some of the letters received were most pathetic, pleading for ransom and saying that what they were enduring treated fairly they were enduring great privations and being continually hurried from point to point in the mountains, where they had no regular supply of food and lack of shelter.

Furthermore, they said that it was their firm belief that if troops were sent and a meeting between them and the bandits were arranged, the captives would be killed. The uncertainty of it all was deeply distressing to friends and relatives of those concerned. Bulletins were sent daily at the government house giving the latest news of the affair.

The troops were finally ordered out and the pursuit began, while the population fled with no little anxiety for the outcome. At Livadia and Thebes the soldiers almost cornered Arvataki, but no actual conflict resulted, and the captives' lives were spared for a time.

Although it is a slight digression, the soldiers give pursuit to the band and capture it if possible. Some days elapsed and Arvataki, having been informed of the intention of the authorities to send him to the galleys, the soldiers were upon the band, and an actual clash came, the captives would pay for the action with their lives. Lieutenant Lloyd, of the British army, being, notwithstanding Lord Muncaster pleaded hard, it is said, that no troops were sent.

Occasionally word came from those in the bondage to this anxiety for permission to correspond with relatives and friends both in Athens and England. Some of the letters received were most pathetic, pleading for ransom and saying that what they were enduring treated fairly they were enduring great privations and being continually hurried from point to point in the mountains, where they had no regular supply of food and lack of shelter.

Furthermore, they said that it was their firm belief that if troops were sent and a meeting between them and the bandits were arranged, the captives would be killed. The uncertainty of it all was deeply distressing to friends and relatives of those concerned. Bulletins were sent daily at the government house giving the latest news of the affair.

The troops were finally ordered out and the pursuit began, while the population fled with no little anxiety for the outcome. At Livadia and Thebes the soldiers almost cornered Arvataki, but no actual conflict resulted, and the captives' lives were spared for a time.

Although it is a slight digression, the soldiers give pursuit to the band and capture it if possible. Some days elapsed and Arvataki, having been informed of the intention of the authorities to send him to the galleys, the soldiers were upon the band, and an actual clash came, the captives would pay for the action with their lives. Lieutenant Lloyd, of the British army, being, notwithstanding Lord Muncaster pleaded hard, it is said, that no troops were sent.

Occasionally word came from those in the bondage to this anxiety for permission to correspond with relatives and friends both in Athens and England. Some of the letters received were most pathetic, pleading for ransom and saying that what they were enduring treated fairly they were enduring great privations and being continually hurried from point to point in the mountains, where they had no regular supply of food and lack of shelter.

Furthermore, they said that it was their firm belief that if troops were sent and a meeting between them and the bandits were arranged, the captives would be killed. The uncertainty of it all was deeply distressing to friends and relatives of those concerned. Bulletins were sent daily at the government house giving the latest news of the affair.

The troops were finally ordered out and the pursuit began, while the population fled with no little anxiety for the outcome. At Livadia and Thebes the soldiers almost cornered Arvataki, but no actual conflict resulted, and the captives' lives were spared for a time.

Although it is a slight digression, the soldiers give pursuit to the band and capture it if possible. Some days elapsed and Arvataki, having been informed of the intention of the authorities to send him to the galleys, the soldiers were upon the band, and an actual clash came, the captives would pay for the action with their lives. Lieutenant Lloyd, of the British army, being, notwithstanding Lord Muncaster pleaded hard, it is said, that no troops were sent.

Occasionally word came from those in the bondage to this anxiety for permission to correspond with relatives and friends both in Athens and England. Some of the letters received were most pathetic, pleading for ransom and saying that what they were enduring treated fairly they were enduring great privations and being continually hurried from point to point in the mountains, where they had no regular supply of food and lack of shelter.

Furthermore, they said that it was their firm belief that if troops were sent and a meeting between them and the bandits were arranged, the captives would be killed. The uncertainty of it all was deeply distressing to friends and relatives of those concerned. Bulletins were sent daily at the government house giving the latest news of the affair.

The troops were finally ordered out and the pursuit began, while the population fled with no little anxiety for the outcome. At Livadia and Thebes the soldiers almost cornered Arvataki, but no actual conflict resulted, and the captives' lives were spared for a time.

Although it is a slight digression, the soldiers give pursuit to the band and capture it if possible. Some days elapsed and Arvataki, having been informed of the intention of the authorities to send him to the galleys, the soldiers were upon the band, and an actual clash came, the capt

Local News.

Charley Shulteis went to South Dakota Tuesday.

Ed. Ellis was among the Sioux City travelers Tuesday.

Mrs. Earl Gibson was a visitor from Omaha the past week.

Frank Russell was an arrival from Meadow Grove Monday.

C. A. Berry left Tuesday morning on a trip to Vayland, S. D.

Store Room for Rent—Boyd Annex Enquire Leahy's Drug Store.

Wanted—Girl for general housework, family of three. Mrs. U.S. Conn.

Ask for a free sample of guaranteed Silverware polish. L. A. Fanski, Jeweler

Dentists Green and Adams went to Norfolk Tuesday to attend association meet.

Mrs. R. E. K. Mellor accompanied her daughter Eva to Omaha Tuesday morning.

See Jas. Luckey for hydraulic and cased wells, windmills and pumps. Phone 340.

One of the nicest residences in the Wayne for sale, call at this office for particulars.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Turnbull are here from Norfolk to attend the funeral of the late Jas. Shorten.

The Democrat is told there are several whiskey spies in town this week hunting for bootleggers.

I will sell my household goods at public and private sale. For information call me on phone 162. Mrs. Pile

Rev. Corkey went to Atkinson Tuesday to attend the annual Presbytery, returning home today.

C. D. Martin left Tuesday morning on a trip to Austin, Minn., and from there to points in Wisconsin.

Henry Klopping was a Tuesday passenger to Twin Falls, Idaho, on a two weeks' inspection of that country.

William and Henry Eichtenkamp and Wm. Myer went to Vayland, S. D., with C. A. Berry on land business.

Black and White—the new millinery combination—is liberally represented in the new stock shown by the Misses Van-Gilder.

A. B. Nicholas went to Norfolk Tuesday on King Solomon business. Shares of stock in this company are about sold to the limit now.

John Bock was down from Winside Monday. Mr. Bock recently came home from a trip to Minnesota and is delighted with that country.

"Red" Hengan, one of the busiest Wayne boys who ever shot an auto down Main street, is now chauffeur for a rich old lady at Savanna, Ill.

Alex Jeffery got an interesting letter from his father the other day in which A. B. said he was having a fine time at Lakeside, Wash.; bear hunts, etc.

For Sale Cheap—A nine-room residence, three blocks south and one block east of the college. Inquire of J. H. Wright, Wayne, Neb., Phone No. 138.

There will be no preaching service in the St. Paul's Lutheran church next Sunday, as the pastor, Rev. Ringer, is away attending the Nebraska Synod which meets at Beatrice this week.

Judge C. H. Whitney, candidate for attorney general, and Messrs. S. L. and Chas. Baily and S. H. Martin drove over from Hartington Sunday. Mr. Whitney spending Monday here and going to the county fair at Stanton.

County commissioners Jas. Stanton, Eph Anderson and Geo. Farran and county Attorney Davis went by auto to Stanton Tuesday morning to confer with the county commissioners about opening up a road on the county line.

Friends of A. N. Matheny will be glad to learn that Andrew is "making a killing" at Granite Falls, Minn. Mr. Matheny got there ahead of the land rush, got contracts to sell a large amount of property, and is coining money on some big sales.

Tuesday morning saw a big crowd off to Sioux City to attend the fair, Mr. Mr. and Mrs. Rollie Ley, Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Haller, Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Owen and son, Messdames B. B. Crawford, C. C. Bosteder, Jas. Jeffries and Messrs. Heady, Mike Connelly, Eichtenkamp, Chas. Gildersleeve, John Huffard, Leslie and Herbert Welch and Ben Elliott.

TRAVELERS' CHEQUES

AMERICAN BANKERS ASSOCIATION

GOOD IN ALL QUARTERS OF THE GLOBE

Wherever the Traveler may travel, his "A. B. A." Travelers' Cheques will meet with ready acceptance by Banks, Hotels, Railroads, Steamship lines, etc.

Easily negotiated for full value. Identification established by counter-signature.

Safer than money; hands than drafts. Take a few \$10, \$20, \$50, and \$100 cheques on your next trip.

State Bank of Wayne
Wayne, Nebraska

John Bannister was in Omaha Saturday.

Fred Wagoner was a visitor from Carroll last Friday.

Jack Crohan went to Emerson Saturday to start a show.

Ainsley Moore, the land owner, returned to Illinois last Saturday.

WANTED—Girl for general housework! MRS. FRANK GAERTNER.

Wait until Sept. 23 and 24 to see the best in millinery—at Miss Temple's!

John Mellick is figuring on moving the Hand county, S. D., next spring.

Commissioner George Farran was in town Saturday signing up county warrants.

Showman Bowman and wife were passengers home to Blair from Osmond Saturday.

Warren Clossen of Sholes was a Monday morning passenger to Sioux City and Omaha.

Mrs. A. A. Welch and Miss Marguerite Chace were visitors to Sioux City Friday.

Angus McIntosh and Chris Hansen left Saturday for Cheyenne to look over the country.

Principal Kemp left Friday afternoon for Hand county, S. D., to look at a piece of land.

Mrs. Kelleher of Osmond was an arrival last Saturday, a guest at the John Coleman home.

Jas. McCabe of near Carroll has gone to South Dakota to farm one of Jas. McGuire's places.

B. W. Ashley, years ago superintendent of Wayne schools, was an arrival in town last Saturday.

Blaine Skeen caught a ball game for Plainview at Osmond last Thursday, Hartman of Stanton pitching.

Sept. 23 and 24 are the dates of Miss Temple's fine display and opening sales of millinery at the Ahern store

FOR SALE—Second-hand cook stove, also a good base-burner. Enquire of WEBER BROS.

T. M. Woods of Carroll had a bunch of sheep on the Omaha market last Saturday that got top money, \$7.10.

Mrs. H. W. Cristop, who was visiting her sister, Mrs. Bert Brown, left Friday for her home at Waterloo, Io.

All parties having wire-stretchers or jackscrews belonging to Barrett & Dally and who are through with same, please bring them back. BARRETT & DALLY.

Paul Harrington left last Friday for Tekamah, so he said, but judging from the amount of baggage he carried it might be his wedding tour.

Bert Oman and Ed. Kaler were Friday business callers from Winside. Mr. Kaler is figuring on leasing the Shulteis farm northwest of town for next year.

Among passengers to Sioux City Monday morning were L. L. Way, John Coleman, F. E. and Percy Straban, Walt Miller, Richard Carpenter, Park Phillips, F. H. Carpenter, George Stringer.

Ed Ellis says the greatest ball game he has seen in years was at Hartington last Thursday, Crofton and Coleridge playing fifteen innings without a score on either side. In the 16th Coleridge made three runs. Ed. says one interesting feature to him was a valuable hunch that Coleridge would win.

Wausa had an exciting ball game at Oakland last Thursday, for \$50 aside, Wausa winning. The Oakland team set up a howl about it not being on the square and wagered \$100 that they could beat the Wausaites. The game was pulled off at Tekamah on Friday and the boys from up the branch took home all the money.

The Stanton Register claims that Wayne sports were cleaned out of pocket on the last game with Stanton. Very little coin changed hands on this contest, as when it became known that Stanton had plugged up to win the game at all hazards, and had an umpire to make sure of the goods the local fans stuck to their money.

The Democrat learns that Ed. Carroll, formerly county commissioner, is in bad condition at a hospital in Sioux City. Mr. Carroll was operated on for appendicitis ten days ago and came out of it all right, but stomach trouble he has been having for several years makes a bad combination of disorders that will be difficult for him to recover from.

Prof. Durrin has succeeded in reproducing a most excellent picture of the late Louise Flege upon a marble slab that will rest upon the cap of the tombstone to be erected to the memory of the murdered girl. It is a better likeness even than recent photographs seen in the papers. Prof. Durrin is certainly some artist with the brush as well as the chisel.

Pierce Call, Charley Linn, of Wayne county, brought in a single load of potatoes last Saturday that brought him a check for nearly \$61. The seed was taken from a car of irrigated potatoes shipped here last spring. They were smooth and mammoth in size. Thirty taken from the load weighed 26 pounds. Charley said many of them weighed a pound a piece.

Mr. and Mrs. Otis Stringer were in Wayne last Friday visiting relatives and friends. Mr. Stringer managed to keep his marriage pretty much of a secret. The happy event occurred Sept. 10th at Indianapolis, Ind., the bride being Miss Otille Baumgart and the ceremony performed by Rev. Theodore Shurdel of the German Lutheran church. Mr. Stringer first met his wife several years ago and visited at her home last spring. The Democrat wishes the happy couple a honeymoon all through life.

Get all kinds of coal you need at the Anchor Grain Co.



FALL STOCKS READY

For your inspection. The new Fall Goods purchased by us while in Chicago are here and we invite the consideration of careful buyers. We have selected the best merchandise possible for all departments, and stand ready to back with a positive guarantee everything we sell. The cuts represent some of the coats and suits we carry in the reliable PALMER GARMENT. This make is too well known to need further comment. They represent the best in their line. Our line of

Ladies' and Misses' Walking Skirts

Is admitted, even by competitors, to be the best fitting and most perfectly tailored line on the road. Our new stock is ready. If very hard to fit, we take special measure and make for you at the same price.

We are now showing complete lines of DRESS GOODS, many of them exclusive patterns. Dress and Waisting Silks, no duplicates, in the new Persian designs.

DRESS TRIMMINGS and ALL-OVER LACES in the new nets.

Mercerized Poplins, Wool Challies, Cotton Challies, Fleece Lined Dress Goods, Outing Flannels, Percales and Ginghams, all of the best brands and lowest price.

Blankets, Comforts, Batting, Pillows, Spreads, in fact everything in the bedding line, now ready.

ROOM SIZE RUGS, a new shipment, high-grade patterns and quality, at prices you can reach.

Linoleum, Oil Cloth, Oak Border for Rugs. CARPETS—Ingrain or Cottage Carpet, best at the price.

SHOES for all the family. We carry them from the Infant soft soles to the laced boot for the stock man and the dainty shoe for "my lady." Everything in shoe leather is guaranteed by us to be satisfactory.

Underwear in every size. We fit them all and please everyone. Quality and price right.

Start a Punch Card today for a 42-Piece Dinner Set, your own monogram in gold, or plain gold band; also a Comfort Rocking Chair. Take your choice, but get started now while doing your fall trading : : : :

Yours for a square deal, S. R. THEOBALD & CO. "The Racket"



Everybody Relies on The Bell Directory



The Bell Telephone Directory contains the names of people who can be reached at once. It is the universal calling list, in thousands of towns, and the recognized business and social directory.

Persons whose names are in the telephone directory are always available. They can be reached by friends at home or by those in distant cities. Bell service is universal and distance makes no difference.

BY THE WAY, HAVE YOU A BELL TELEPHONE?

Nebraska Telephone Co.

Every Bell Telephone Is A Long Distance Station

Removal

During the time that our new building is being erected we will be located in the front of Craven & Welch's hardware store with an up-to-date stock of watches and jewelry.

Mines, Seading Jeweler

Careful attention given to repairing of fine watches and jewelry

Harry Whittaker came up from Tekamah last Saturday and Sunday accompanied his wife and babies home.

Robert Ahern, son of Mrs. John Ahern near Carroll, returned home last Saturday from three years service in the navy. The young man has had enough now and will remain at home.

Mr. and Mrs. Roscoe Jones left Monday morning for Malvern. They will move to Wayne next winter to live on the farm Mr. Jones recently bought of R. Philleo.

Axel Vennerberg is now owner of the Mrs. Mick farm near Carroll, buying the place from Dan Davis for \$90 per acre. Mr. Davis bought it two or three weeks previous at \$70 per acre and people thought he was foolish. The farm is now worth about \$125 and will go higher.

Ed. Shannon, with Rice Bros. commission firm, Sioux City, was in Wayne Saturday.

Wm. Piepenstock left Sunday morning on a trip to Norfolk and Omaha.

Mrs. Knebel, mother of Mrs. Bert Brown, returned to her home at Norfolk Friday.

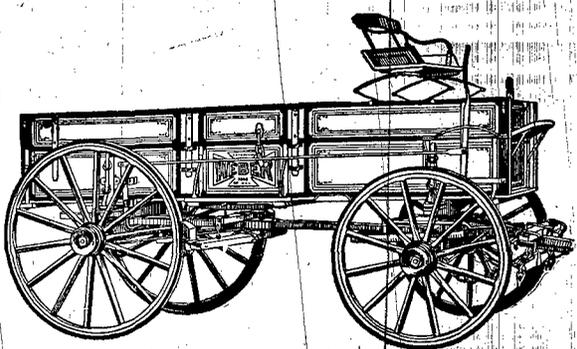
Homer Scafe left last Saturday for a month's stay on his homestead in western South Dakota.

Everett Laughlin and little daughter were Saturday passengers to Wakefield.

Henry Bartels was in Wayne last Saturday interviewing the voters. Mr. Bartels has been looking over Stanton county a little and says the democratic candidates for the legislature are being well received. Henry takes well and has a reputation where he is well known for being as square a man as was ever put up for office in this representative district. Of course prohibitionists of all parties will as a rule prefer voting for a candidate who is pledged to vote for prohibition measures, but when election is over it will be found that Stanton and Wayne counties have registered a large majority against county option, which is more destructive of peace and brotherly love than a straight-out brand of prohibition.

Weber Bros., are paying 2c above market price for wheat.

It will pay you to take a look at the Weber and Bettendorf wagons before you buy. They have Yellow Poplar boxes and grain cleats that can't come off.



Clover Leaf Spreeder, the one that everybody likes, sold by Craven & Welch

Land Is Going Up.

To the Investor, buy ahead of the boom. To the Renter, buy while you can get good land, close in, for \$10 to \$15, near Akron, in N. E. Colorado. When can you go?

F. L. GRAVES, Wayne, Neb.

Graves & Lamberson

Best prices paid for Grain Coal sold at Low Price

GRAIN & COAL

We aim to please both buying and selling.